

ZF

Steven Obua

April 19, 2009

```
theory Helper
imports Main
begin

lemma theI2':  $?! x. P x \implies (! x. P x \implies Q x) \implies Q (THE x. P x)$ 
  apply auto
  apply (subgoal-tac  $P (THE x. P x)$ )
  apply blast
  apply (rule theI)
  apply auto
  done

lemma in-range-superfluous:  $(z \in range\ f \ \& \ z \in (f\ ' \ x)) = (z \in f\ ' \ x)$ 
  by auto

lemma f-x-in-range-f:  $f\ x \in range\ f$ 
  by (blast intro: image-eqI)

lemma comp-inj:  $inj\ f \implies inj\ g \implies inj\ (g\ o\ f)$ 
  by (blast intro: comp-inj-on subset-inj-on)

lemma comp-image-eq:  $(g\ o\ f)\ ' \ x = g\ ' \ f\ ' \ x$ 
  by auto

end

theory HOLZF
imports Helper
begin

typedecl ZF

axiomatization
  Empty :: ZF and
  Elem :: ZF  $\Rightarrow$  ZF  $\Rightarrow$  bool and
```

Sum :: $ZF \Rightarrow ZF$ **and**
Power :: $ZF \Rightarrow ZF$ **and**
Repl :: $ZF \Rightarrow (ZF \Rightarrow ZF) \Rightarrow ZF$ **and**
Inf :: ZF

constdefs

Upair:: $ZF \Rightarrow ZF \Rightarrow ZF$
Upair *a* *b* == *Repl* (*Power* (*Power* *Empty*)) (% *x*. if *x* = *Empty* then *a* else *b*)
Singleton:: $ZF \Rightarrow ZF$
Singleton *x* == *Upair* *x* *x*
union :: $ZF \Rightarrow ZF \Rightarrow ZF$
union *A* *B* == *Sum* (*Upair* *A* *B*)
SucNat:: $ZF \Rightarrow ZF$
SucNat *x* == *union* *x* (*Singleton* *x*)
subset :: $ZF \Rightarrow ZF \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
subset *A* *B* == ! *x*. *Elem* *x* *A* \longrightarrow *Elem* *x* *B*

axioms

Empty: *Not* (*Elem* *x* *Empty*)
Ext: $(x = y) = (! z. \text{Elem } z \ x = \text{Elem } z \ y)$
Sum: $\text{Elem } z \ (\text{Sum } x) = (? y. \text{Elem } z \ y \ \& \ \text{Elem } y \ x)$
Power: $\text{Elem } y \ (\text{Power } x) = (\text{subset } y \ x)$
Repl: $\text{Elem } b \ (\text{Repl } A \ f) = (? a. \text{Elem } a \ A \ \& \ b = f \ a)$
Regularity: $A \neq \text{Empty} \longrightarrow (? x. \text{Elem } x \ A \ \& \ (! y. \text{Elem } y \ x \longrightarrow \text{Not } (\text{Elem } y \ A)))$
Infinity: $\text{Elem } \text{Empty} \ \text{Inf} \ \& \ (! x. \text{Elem } x \ \text{Inf} \longrightarrow \text{Elem } (\text{SucNat } x) \ \text{Inf})$

constdefs

Sep:: $ZF \Rightarrow (ZF \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ZF$
Sep *A* *p* == (if (!*x*. *Elem* *x* *A* \longrightarrow *Not* (*p* *x*)) then *Empty* else
 (let *z* = (ϵ *x*. *Elem* *x* *A* $\&$ *p* *x*) in
 let *f* = % *x*. (if *p* *x* then *x* else *z*) in *Repl* *A* *f*))

thm *Power*[unfolded subset-def]

theorem *Sep*: $\text{Elem } b \ (\text{Sep } A \ p) = (\text{Elem } b \ A \ \& \ p \ b)$

apply (*auto simp add*: *Sep-def* *Empty*)
apply (*auto simp add*: *Let-def* *Repl*)
apply (*rule someI2*, *auto*)
done

lemma *subset-empty*: *subset* *Empty* *A*

by (*simp add*: *subset-def* *Empty*)

theorem *Upair*: $\text{Elem } x \ (\text{Upair } a \ b) = (x = a \mid x = b)$

apply (*auto simp add*: *Upair-def* *Repl*)
apply (*rule exI*[**where** *x=Empty*])
apply (*simp add*: *Power* *subset-empty*)
apply (*rule exI*[**where** *x=Power* *Empty*])

```

apply (auto)
apply (auto simp add: Ext Power subset-def Empty)
apply (drule spec[where x=Empty], simp add: Empty)+
done

lemma Singleton: Elem x (Singleton y) = (x = y)
  by (simp add: Singleton-def Upair)

constdefs
  Opair:: ZF  $\Rightarrow$  ZF  $\Rightarrow$  ZF
  Opair a b == Upair (Upair a a) (Upair a b)

lemma Upair-singleton: (Upair a a = Upair c d) = (a = c & a = d)
  by (auto simp add: Ext[where x=Upair a a] Upair)

lemma Upair-fsteg: (Upair a b = Upair a c) = ((a = b & a = c) | (b = c))
  by (auto simp add: Ext[where x=Upair a b] Upair)

lemma Upair-comm: Upair a b = Upair b a
  by (auto simp add: Ext Upair)

theorem Opair: (Opair a b = Opair c d) = (a = c & b = d)
  proof -
    have fst: (Opair a b = Opair c d)  $\implies$  a = c
      apply (simp add: Opair-def)
      apply (simp add: Ext[where x=Upair (Upair a a) (Upair a b)])
      apply (drule spec[where x=Upair a a])
      apply (auto simp add: Upair Upair-singleton)
      done
    show ?thesis
      apply (auto)
      apply (erule fst)
      apply (frule fst)
      apply (auto simp add: Opair-def Upair-fsteg)
      done
  qed

constdefs
  Replacement :: ZF  $\Rightarrow$  (ZF  $\Rightarrow$  ZF option)  $\Rightarrow$  ZF
  Replacement A f == Repl (Sep A (% a. f a  $\neq$  None)) (the o f)

theorem Replacement: Elem y (Replacement A f) = (? x. Elem x A & f x = Some y)
  by (auto simp add: Replacement-def Repl Sep)

constdefs
  Fst :: ZF  $\Rightarrow$  ZF
  Fst q == SOME x. ? y. q = Opair x y
  Snd :: ZF  $\Rightarrow$  ZF

```

```

Snd q == SOME y. ? x. q = Opair x y

theorem Fst: Fst (Opair x y) = x
  apply (simp add: Fst-def)
  apply (rule someI2)
  apply (simp-all add: Opair)
  done

theorem Snd: Snd (Opair x y) = y
  apply (simp add: Snd-def)
  apply (rule someI2)
  apply (simp-all add: Opair)
  done

constdefs
  isOpair :: ZF  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  isOpair q == ? x y. q = Opair x y

lemma isOpair: isOpair (Opair x y) = True
  by (auto simp add: isOpair-def)

lemma FstSnd: isOpair x  $\Longrightarrow$  Opair (Fst x) (Snd x) = x
  by (auto simp add: isOpair-def Fst Snd)

constdefs
  CartProd :: ZF  $\Rightarrow$  ZF  $\Rightarrow$  ZF
  CartProd A B == Sum(Repl A (% a. Repl B (% b. Opair a b)))

lemma CartProd: Elem x (CartProd A B) = (? a b. Elem a A & Elem b B & x
= (Opair a b))
  apply (auto simp add: CartProd-def Sum Repl)
  apply (rule-tac x=Repl B (Opair a) in exI)
  apply (auto simp add: Repl)
  done

constdefs
  explode :: ZF  $\Rightarrow$  ZF set
  explode z == { x. Elem x z }

lemma explode-Empty: (explode x = {}) = (x = Empty)
  by (auto simp add: explode-def Ext Empty)

lemma explode-Elem: (x  $\in$  explode X) = (Elem x X)
  by (simp add: explode-def)

lemma Elem-explode-in: [ Elem a A; explode A  $\subseteq$  B ]  $\Longrightarrow$  a  $\in$  B
  by (auto simp add: explode-def)

lemma explode-CartProd-eq: explode (CartProd a b) = (% (x,y). Opair x y) ‘

```

$((\text{explode } a) \times (\text{explode } b))$
by (*simp add: explode-def expand-set-eq CartProd image-def*)

lemma *explode-Repl-eq*: $\text{explode } (\text{Repl } A \ f) = \text{image } f \ (\text{explode } A)$
by (*simp add: explode-def Repl image-def*)

constdefs

Domain :: $ZF \Rightarrow ZF$
Domain $f == \text{Replacement } f \ (\% \ p. \text{ if isOpair } p \text{ then Some } (Fst \ p) \text{ else None})$
Range :: $ZF \Rightarrow ZF$
Range $f == \text{Replacement } f \ (\% \ p. \text{ if isOpair } p \text{ then Some } (Snd \ p) \text{ else None})$

theorem *Domain*: $\text{Elem } x \ (\text{Domain } f) = (? \ y. \text{Elem } (\text{Opair } x \ y) \ f)$
apply (*auto simp add: Domain-def Replacement*)
apply (*rule-tac x=Snd x in exI*)
apply (*simp add: FstSnd*)
apply (*rule-tac x=Opair x y in exI*)
apply (*simp add: isOpair Fst*)
done

theorem *Range*: $\text{Elem } y \ (\text{Range } f) = (? \ x. \text{Elem } (\text{Opair } x \ y) \ f)$
apply (*auto simp add: Range-def Replacement*)
apply (*rule-tac x=Fst x in exI*)
apply (*simp add: FstSnd*)
apply (*rule-tac x=Opair x y in exI*)
apply (*simp add: isOpair Snd*)
done

theorem *union*: $\text{Elem } x \ (\text{union } A \ B) = (\text{Elem } x \ A \mid \text{Elem } x \ B)$
by (*auto simp add: union-def Sum Upair*)

constdefs

Field :: $ZF \Rightarrow ZF$
Field $A == \text{union } (\text{Domain } A) \ (\text{Range } A)$

constdefs

app :: $ZF \Rightarrow ZF \Rightarrow ZF$ (**infixl** '90) — function application
 $f \ ' \ x == (\text{THE } y. \text{Elem } (\text{Opair } x \ y) \ f)$

constdefs

isFun :: $ZF \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
isFun $f == (! \ x \ y1 \ y2. \text{Elem } (\text{Opair } x \ y1) \ f \ \& \ \text{Elem } (\text{Opair } x \ y2) \ f \longrightarrow y1 = y2)$

constdefs

Lambda :: $ZF \Rightarrow (ZF \Rightarrow ZF) \Rightarrow ZF$
Lambda $A \ f == \text{Repl } A \ (\% \ x. \text{Opair } x \ (f \ x))$

lemma *Lambda-app*: $\text{Elem } x \ A \Longrightarrow (\text{Lambda } A \ f) \ ' \ x = f \ x$

```

by (simp add: app-def Lambda-def Repl Opair)

lemma isFun-Lambda: isFun (Lambda A f)
  by (auto simp add: isFun-def Lambda-def Repl Opair)

lemma domain-Lambda: Domain (Lambda A f) = A
  apply (auto simp add: Domain-def)
  apply (subst Ext)
  apply (auto simp add: Replacement)
  apply (simp add: Lambda-def Repl)
  apply (auto simp add: Fst)
  apply (simp add: Lambda-def Repl)
  apply (rule-tac x=Opair z (f z) in exI)
  apply (auto simp add: Fst isOpair-def)
done

lemma Lambda-ext: (Lambda s f = Lambda t g) = (s = t & (! x. Elem x s  $\longrightarrow$  f
x = g x))
proof -
  have Lambda s f = Lambda t g  $\implies$  s = t
    apply (subst domain-Lambda[where A = s and f = f, symmetric])
    apply (subst domain-Lambda[where A = t and f = g, symmetric])
    apply auto
  done
  then show ?thesis
    apply auto
    apply (subst Lambda-app[where f=f, symmetric], simp)
    apply (subst Lambda-app[where f=g, symmetric], simp)
    apply auto
    apply (auto simp add: Lambda-def Repl Ext)
    apply (auto simp add: Ext[symmetric])
  done
qed

constdefs
  PFun :: ZF  $\Rightarrow$  ZF  $\Rightarrow$  ZF
  PFun A B == Sep (Power (CartProd A B)) isFun
  Fun :: ZF  $\Rightarrow$  ZF  $\Rightarrow$  ZF
  Fun A B == Sep (PFun A B) ( $\lambda$  f. Domain f = A)

lemma Fun-Range: Elem f (Fun U V)  $\implies$  subset (Range f) V
  apply (simp add: Fun-def Sep PFun-def Power subset-def CartProd)
  apply (auto simp add: Domain Range)
  apply (erule-tac x=Opair xa x in allE)
  apply (auto simp add: Opair)
done

lemma Elem-Elem-PFun: Elem F (PFun U V)  $\implies$  Elem p F  $\implies$  isOpair p &
Elem (Fst p) U & Elem (Snd p) V

```

```

apply (simp add: PFun-def Sep Power subset-def, clarify)
apply (erule-tac x=p in allE)
apply (auto simp add: CartProd isOpair Fst Snd)
done

lemma Fun-implies-PFun[simp]: Elem f (Fun U V)  $\implies$  Elem f (PFun U V)
  by (simp add: Fun-def Sep)

lemma Elem-Elem-Fun: Elem F (Fun U V)  $\implies$  Elem p F  $\implies$  isOpair p & Elem
(Fst p) U & Elem (Snd p) V
  by (auto simp add: Elem-Elem-PFun dest: Fun-implies-PFun)

lemma PFun-inj: Elem F (PFun U V)  $\implies$  Elem x F  $\implies$  Elem y F  $\implies$  Fst x =
Fst y  $\implies$  Snd x = Snd y
  apply (frule Elem-Elem-PFun[where p=x], simp)
  apply (frule Elem-Elem-PFun[where p=y], simp)
  apply (subgoal-tac isFun F)
  apply (simp add: isFun-def isOpair-def)
  apply (auto simp add: Fst Snd, blast)
  apply (auto simp add: PFun-def Sep)
done

lemma Fun-total:  $\llbracket \text{Elem } F \text{ (Fun } U \text{ V); Elem } a \text{ U} \rrbracket \implies \exists x. \text{Elem (Opair } a \text{ x) } F$ 
  using  $\llbracket \text{simp-depth-limit} = 2 \rrbracket$ 
  by (auto simp add: Fun-def Sep Domain)

lemma unique-fun-value:  $\llbracket \text{isFun } f; \text{Elem } x \text{ (Domain } f) \rrbracket \implies ?! y. \text{Elem (Opair } x \text{ y) } f$ 
  by (auto simp add: Domain isFun-def)

lemma fun-value-in-range:  $\llbracket \text{isFun } f; \text{Elem } x \text{ (Domain } f) \rrbracket \implies \text{Elem (f' } x) \text{ (Range } f)$ 
  apply (auto simp add: Range)
  apply (drule unique-fun-value)
  apply simp
  apply (simp add: app-def)
  apply (rule exI[where x=x])
  apply (auto simp add: the-equality)
done

lemma fun-range-witness:  $\llbracket \text{isFun } f; \text{Elem } y \text{ (Range } f) \rrbracket \implies ? x. \text{Elem } x \text{ (Domain } f) \text{ \& } f' x = y$ 
  apply (auto simp add: Range)
  apply (rule-tac x=x in exI)
  apply (auto simp add: app-def the-equality isFun-def Domain)
done

lemma Elem-Fun-Lambda: Elem F (Fun U V)  $\implies ? f. F = \text{Lambda } U f$ 

```

```

apply (rule exI[where  $x = \% x. (THE\ y.\ Elem\ (Opair\ x\ y)\ F)$ ])
apply (simp add: Ext Lambda-def Repl Domain)
apply (simp add: Ext[symmetric])
apply auto
apply (frule Elem-Elem-Fun)
apply auto
apply (rule-tac  $x = Fst\ z$  in exI)
apply (simp add: isOpair-def)
apply (auto simp add: Fst Snd Opair)
apply (rule theI2^)
apply auto
apply (drule Fun-implies-PFun)
apply (drule-tac  $x = Opair\ x\ ya$  and  $y = Opair\ x\ yb$  in PFun-inj)
apply (auto simp add: Fst Snd)
apply (drule Fun-implies-PFun)
apply (drule-tac  $x = Opair\ x\ y$  and  $y = Opair\ x\ ya$  in PFun-inj)
apply (auto simp add: Fst Snd)
apply (rule theI2^)
apply (auto simp add: Fun-total)
apply (drule Fun-implies-PFun)
apply (drule-tac  $x = Opair\ a\ x$  and  $y = Opair\ a\ y$  in PFun-inj)
apply (auto simp add: Fst Snd)
done

```

lemma Elem-Lambda-Fun: $Elem\ (Lambda\ A\ f)\ (Fun\ U\ V) = (A = U \ \&\ (!\ x.\ Elem\ x\ A \longrightarrow Elem\ (f\ x)\ V))$

proof –

```

have Elem (Lambda A f) (Fun U V)  $\implies A = U$ 
  by (simp add: Fun-def Sep domain-Lambda)
then show ?thesis
  apply auto
  apply (drule Fun-Range)
  apply (subgoal-tac  $f\ x = ((Lambda\ U\ f)\ 'x)$ )
  prefer 2
  apply (simp add: Lambda-app)
  apply simp
  apply (subgoal-tac Elem (Lambda U f ' x) (Range (Lambda U f)))
  apply (simp add: subset-def)
  apply (rule fun-value-in-range)
  apply (simp-all add: isFun-Lambda domain-Lambda)
  apply (simp add: Fun-def Sep PFun-def Power domain-Lambda isFun-Lambda)
  apply (auto simp add: subset-def CartProd)
  apply (rule-tac  $x = Fst\ x$  in exI)
  apply (auto simp add: Lambda-def Repl Fst)
  done

```

qed

constdefs

is-Elem-of :: (*ZF* * *ZF*) *set*
is-Elem-of == { (*a*,*b*) | *a b. Elem a b* }

lemma *cond-wf-Elem*:

assumes *hyps*: $\forall x. (\forall y. \text{Elem } y \ x \longrightarrow \text{Elem } y \ U \longrightarrow P \ y) \longrightarrow \text{Elem } x \ U \longrightarrow P$
 $x \text{ Elem } a \ U$

shows $P \ a$

proof –

{

fix P

fix U

fix a

assume $P\text{-induct}$: $(\forall x. (\forall y. \text{Elem } y \ x \longrightarrow \text{Elem } y \ U \longrightarrow P \ y) \longrightarrow (\text{Elem } x \ U \longrightarrow P \ x))$

assume $a\text{-in-}U$: $\text{Elem } a \ U$

have $P \ a$

proof –

term P

term Sep

let $?Z = \text{Sep } U \ (\text{Not } o \ P)$

have $?Z = \text{Empty} \longrightarrow P \ a$ **by** (*simp add: Ext Sep Empty a-in-U*)

moreover have $?Z \neq \text{Empty} \longrightarrow \text{False}$

proof

assume *not-empty*: $?Z \neq \text{Empty}$

note *thereis-x* = *Regularity*[**where** $A=?Z$, *simplified not-empty, simplified*]

then obtain x **where** $x\text{-def}$: $\text{Elem } x \ ?Z \ \& \ (! \ y. \text{Elem } y \ x \longrightarrow \text{Not } (\text{Elem } y \ ?Z)) \ ..$

then have $x\text{-induct}$: $! \ y. \text{Elem } y \ x \longrightarrow \text{Elem } y \ U \longrightarrow P \ y$ **by** (*simp add: Sep*)

have $\text{Elem } x \ U \longrightarrow P \ x$

by (*rule impE[OF spec[OF P-induct, **where** $x=x$], OF x-induct]*, *assumption*)

moreover have $\text{Elem } x \ U \ \& \ \text{Not}(P \ x)$

apply (*insert x-def*)

apply (*simp add: Sep*)

done

ultimately show False **by** *auto*

qed

ultimately show $P \ a$ **by** *auto*

qed

}

with *hyps* **show** *?thesis* **by** *blast*

qed

lemma *cond2-wf-Elem*:

assumes

special-P: $? \ U. ! \ x. \text{Not}(\text{Elem } x \ U) \longrightarrow (P \ x)$

and $P\text{-induct}$: $\forall x. (\forall y. \text{Elem } y \ x \longrightarrow P \ y) \longrightarrow P \ x$

shows

```

      P a
proof -
  have ? U Q. P = (λ x. (Elem x U → Q x))
proof -
    from special-P obtain U where U:! x. Not(Elem x U) → (P x) ..
    show ?thesis
      apply (rule-tac exI[where x=U])
      apply (rule exI[where x=P])
      apply (rule ext)
      apply (auto simp add: U)
      done
  qed
  then obtain U where ? Q. P = (λ x. (Elem x U → Q x)) ..
  then obtain Q where UQ: P = (λ x. (Elem x U → Q x)) ..
  show ?thesis
    apply (auto simp add: UQ)
    apply (rule cond-wf-Elem)
    apply (rule P-induct[simplified UQ])
    apply simp
    done
qed

consts
  nat2Nat :: nat ⇒ ZF

primrec
  nat2Nat-0[intro]: nat2Nat 0 = Empty
  nat2Nat-Suc[intro]: nat2Nat (Suc n) = SucNat (nat2Nat n)

constdefs
  Nat2nat :: ZF ⇒ nat
  Nat2nat == inv nat2Nat

lemma Elem-nat2Nat-inf[intro]: Elem (nat2Nat n) Inf
  apply (induct n)
  apply (simp-all add: Infinity)
  done

constdefs
  Nat :: ZF
  Nat == Sep Inf (λ N. ? n. nat2Nat n = N)

lemma Elem-nat2Nat-Nat[intro]: Elem (nat2Nat n) Nat
  by (auto simp add: Nat-def Sep)

lemma Elem-Empty-Nat: Elem Empty Nat
  by (auto simp add: Nat-def Sep Infinity)

lemma Elem-SucNat-Nat: Elem N Nat ⇒ Elem (SucNat N) Nat

```

```

by (auto simp add: Nat-def Sep Infinity)

lemma no-infinite-Elem-down-chain:
  Not (? f. isFun f & Domain f = Nat & (! N. Elem N Nat  $\longrightarrow$  Elem (f' (SucNat N)) (f' N)))
proof -
  {
    fix f
    assume f: isFun f & Domain f = Nat & (! N. Elem N Nat  $\longrightarrow$  Elem (f' (SucNat N)) (f' N))
    let ?r = Range f
    have ?r  $\neq$  Empty
    apply (auto simp add: Ext Empty)
    apply (rule exI[where x=f' Empty])
    apply (rule fun-value-in-range)
    apply (auto simp add: f Elem-Empty-Nat)
    done
    then have ? x. Elem x ?r & (! y. Elem y x  $\longrightarrow$  Not (Elem y ?r))
    by (simp add: Regularity)
    then obtain x where x: Elem x ?r & (! y. Elem y x  $\longrightarrow$  Not (Elem y ?r)) ..
    then have ? N. Elem N (Domain f) & f' N = x
    apply (rule-tac fun-range-witness)
    apply (simp-all add: f)
    done
    then have ? N. Elem N Nat & f' N = x
    by (simp add: f)
    then obtain N where N: Elem N Nat & f' N = x ..
    from N have N': Elem N Nat by auto
    let ?y = f' (SucNat N)
    have Elem-y-r: Elem ?y ?r
    by (simp-all add: f Elem-SucNat-Nat N fun-value-in-range)
    have Elem ?y (f' N) by (auto simp add: f N')
    then have Elem ?y x by (simp add: N)
    with x have Not (Elem ?y ?r) by auto
    with Elem-y-r have False by auto
  }
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed

lemma Upair-nonEmpty: Upair a b  $\neq$  Empty
  by (auto simp add: Ext Empty Upair)

lemma Singleton-nonEmpty: Singleton x  $\neq$  Empty
  by (auto simp add: Singleton-def Upair-nonEmpty)

lemma notsym-Elem: Not (Elem a b & Elem b a)
proof -
  {
    fix a b

```

```

    assume ab: Elem a b
    assume ba: Elem b a
    let ?Z = Upair a b
    have ?Z ≠ Empty by (simp add: Upair-nonEmpty)
    then have ? x. Elem x ?Z & (! y. Elem y x → Not(Elem y ?Z))
      by (simp add: Regularity)
    then obtain x where x:Elem x ?Z & (! y. Elem y x → Not(Elem y ?Z)) ..
    then have x = a ∨ x = b by (simp add: Upair)
    moreover have x = a → Not (Elem b ?Z)
      by (auto simp add: x ba)
    moreover have x = b → Not (Elem a ?Z)
      by (auto simp add: x ab)
    ultimately have False
      by (auto simp add: Upair)
  }
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed

lemma irreflexiv-Elem: Not(Elem a a)
  by (simp add: notsym-Elem[of a a, simplified])

lemma antisym-Elem: Elem a b ⇒ Not (Elem b a)
  apply (insert notsym-Elem[of a b])
  apply auto
  done

consts
  NatInterval :: nat ⇒ nat ⇒ ZF

primrec
  NatInterval n 0 = Singleton (nat2Nat n)
  NatInterval n (Suc m) = union (NatInterval n m) (Singleton (nat2Nat (n+m+1)))

lemma n-Elem-NatInterval[rule-format]: ! q. q ≤ m → Elem (nat2Nat (n+q))
  (NatInterval n m)
  apply (induct m)
  apply (auto simp add: Singleton union)
  apply (case-tac q ≤ m)
  apply auto
  apply (subgoal-tac q = Suc m)
  apply auto
  done

lemma NatInterval-not-Empty: NatInterval n m ≠ Empty
  by (auto intro: n-Elem-NatInterval[where q = 0, simplified] simp add: Empty Ext)

lemma increasing-nat2Nat[rule-format]: 0 < n → Elem (nat2Nat (n - 1))
  (nat2Nat n)

```

```

apply (case-tac ? m. n = Suc m)
apply (auto simp add: SucNat-def union Singleton)
apply (drule spec[where x=n - 1])
apply arith
done

lemma represent-NatInterval[rule-format]: Elem x (NatInterval n m)  $\longrightarrow$  (? u. n
 $\leq$  u & u  $\leq$  n+m & nat2Nat u = x)
  apply (induct m)
  apply (auto simp add: Singleton union)
  apply (rule-tac x=Suc (n+m) in exI)
  apply auto
  done

lemma inj-nat2Nat: inj nat2Nat
proof -
  {
    fix n m :: nat
    assume nm: nat2Nat n = nat2Nat (n+m)
    assume mg0: 0 < m
    let ?Z = NatInterval n m
    have ?Z  $\neq$  Empty by (simp add: NatInterval-not-Empty)
    then have ? x. (Elem x ?Z) & (! y. Elem y x  $\longrightarrow$  Not (Elem y ?Z))
      by (auto simp add: Regularity)
    then obtain x where x:Elem x ?Z & (! y. Elem y x  $\longrightarrow$  Not (Elem y ?Z)) ..
    then have ? u. n  $\leq$  u & u  $\leq$  n+m & nat2Nat u = x
      by (simp add: represent-NatInterval)
    then obtain u where u: n  $\leq$  u & u  $\leq$  n+m & nat2Nat u = x ..
    have n < u  $\longrightarrow$  False
    proof
      assume n-less-u: n < u
      let ?y = nat2Nat (u - 1)
      have Elem ?y (nat2Nat u)
        apply (rule increasing-nat2Nat)
        apply (insert n-less-u)
        apply arith
        done
      with u have Elem ?y x by auto
      with x have Not (Elem ?y ?Z) by auto
      moreover have Elem ?y ?Z
        apply (insert n-Elem-NatInterval[where q = u - n - 1 and n=n and
m=m])
        apply (insert n-less-u)
        apply (insert u)
        apply auto
        done
      ultimately show False by auto
    qed
    moreover have u = n  $\longrightarrow$  False
  }

```

```

proof
  assume u = n
  with u have nat2Nat n = x by auto
  then have nm-eq-x: nat2Nat (n+m) = x by (simp add: nm)
  let ?y = nat2Nat (n+m - 1)
  have Elem ?y (nat2Nat (n+m))
    apply (rule increasing-nat2Nat)
    apply (insert mg0)
    apply arith
  done
  with nm-eq-x have Elem ?y x by auto
  with x have Not (Elem ?y ?Z) by auto
  moreover have Elem ?y ?Z
    apply (insert n-Elem-NatInterval[where q = m - 1 and n=n and m=m])
    apply (insert mg0)
    apply auto
  done
  ultimately show False by auto
qed
ultimately have False using u by arith
}
note lemma-nat2Nat = this
have th:  $\bigwedge x y. \neg (x < y \wedge (\forall (m::nat). y \neq x + m))$  by presburger
have th':  $\bigwedge x y. \neg (x \neq y \wedge (\neg x < y) \wedge (\forall (m::nat). x \neq y + m))$  by presburger
show ?thesis
  apply (auto simp add: inj-on-def)
  apply (case-tac x = y)
  apply auto
  apply (case-tac x < y)
  apply (case-tac ? m. y = x + m & 0 < m)
  apply (auto intro: lemma-nat2Nat)
  apply (case-tac y < x)
  apply (case-tac ? m. x = y + m & 0 < m)
  apply simp
  apply simp
  using th apply blast
  apply (case-tac ? m. x = y + m)
  apply (auto intro: lemma-nat2Nat)
  apply (drule sym)
  using lemma-nat2Nat apply blast
  using th' apply blast
done
qed

lemma Nat2nat-nat2Nat[simp]: Nat2nat (nat2Nat n) = n
  by (simp add: Nat2nat-def inv-f-f[OF inj-nat2Nat])

lemma nat2Nat-Nat2nat[simp]: Elem n Nat  $\implies$  nat2Nat (Nat2nat n) = n
  apply (simp add: Nat2nat-def)

```

```

apply (rule-tac f-inv-f)
apply (auto simp add: image-def Nat-def Sep)
done

lemma Nat2nat-SucNat: Elem N Nat  $\implies$  Nat2nat (SucNat N) = Suc (Nat2nat N)
apply (auto simp add: Nat-def Sep Nat2nat-def)
apply (auto simp add: inv-f-f[OF inj-nat2Nat])
apply (simp only: nat2Nat.simps[symmetric])
apply (simp only: inv-f-f[OF inj-nat2Nat])
done

lemma Elem-Opair-exists: ? z. Elem x z & Elem y z & Elem z (Opair x y)
apply (rule exI[where x=Upair x y])
by (simp add: Upair Opair-def)

lemma UNIV-is-not-in-ZF: UNIV  $\neq$  explode R
proof
  let ?Russell = { x. Not(Elem x x) }
  have ?Russell = UNIV by (simp add: irreflexiv-Elem)
  moreover assume UNIV = explode R
  ultimately have russell: ?Russell = explode R by simp
  then show False
  proof(cases Elem R R)
    case True
    then show ?thesis
    by (insert irreflexiv-Elem, auto)
  next
    case False
    then have R  $\in$  ?Russell by auto
    then have Elem R R by (simp add: russell explode-def)
    with False show ?thesis by auto
  qed
qed

constdefs
  SpecialR :: (ZF * ZF) set
  SpecialR  $\equiv$  { (x, y) . x  $\neq$  Empty  $\wedge$  y = Empty }

lemma wf SpecialR
apply (subst wf-def)
apply (auto simp add: SpecialR-def)
done

constdefs
  Ext :: ('a * 'b) set  $\Rightarrow$  'b  $\Rightarrow$  'a set

```

$Ext\ R\ y \equiv \{ x \mid (x, y) \in R \}$

lemma *Ext-Elem*: *Ext is-Elem-of = explode*
by (*auto intro: ext simp add: Ext-def is-Elem-of-def explode-def*)

lemma *Ext SpecialR Empty* \neq *explode z*
proof
have *Ext SpecialR Empty* = *UNIV* - {*Empty*}
by (*auto simp add: Ext-def SpecialR-def*)
moreover assume *Ext SpecialR Empty* = *explode z*
ultimately have *UNIV* = *explode*(*union z* (*Singleton Empty*))
by (*auto simp add: explode-def union Singleton*)
then show *False* **by** (*simp add: UNIV-is-not-in-ZF*)
qed

constdefs
implode :: *ZF set* \Rightarrow *ZF*
implode == *inv explode*

lemma *inj-explode*: *inj explode*
by (*auto simp add: inj-on-def explode-def Ext*)

lemma *implode-explode[simp]*: *implode* (*explode x*) = *x*
by (*simp add: implode-def inj-explode*)

constdefs
regular :: (*ZF* * *ZF*) *set* \Rightarrow *bool*
regular R == ! *A*. *A* \neq *Empty* \longrightarrow (? *x*. *Elem x A* & (! *y*. (*y, x*) \in *R* \longrightarrow *Not* (*Elem y A*)))
set-like :: (*ZF* * *ZF*) *set* \Rightarrow *bool*
set-like R == ! *y*. *Ext R y* \in *range explode*
wfzf :: (*ZF* * *ZF*) *set* \Rightarrow *bool*
wfzf R == *regular R* & *set-like R*

lemma *regular-Elem*: *regular is-Elem-of*
by (*simp add: regular-def is-Elem-of-def Regularity*)

lemma *set-like-Elem*: *set-like is-Elem-of*
by (*auto simp add: set-like-def image-def Ext-Elem*)

lemma *wfzf-is-Elem-of*: *wfzf is-Elem-of*
by (*auto simp add: wfzf-def regular-Elem set-like-Elem*)

constdefs
SeqSum :: (*nat* \Rightarrow *ZF*) \Rightarrow *ZF*
SeqSum f == *Sum* (*Repl Nat* (*f o Nat2nat*))

lemma *SeqSum*: *Elem x* (*SeqSum f*) = (? *n*. *Elem x* (*f n*))
apply (*auto simp add: SeqSum-def Sum Repl*)


```

apply (rule-tac  $x = f\ n$  in  $exI$ )
apply auto
done

constdefs
   $Ext-ZF :: (ZF * ZF) \text{ set} \Rightarrow ZF \Rightarrow ZF$ 
   $Ext-ZF\ R\ s == implode\ (Ext\ R\ s)$ 

lemma  $Elem-implode: A \in range\ explode \Longrightarrow Elem\ x\ (implode\ A) = (x \in A)$ 
apply (auto)
apply (simp-all add: explode-def)
done

lemma  $Elem-Ext-ZF: set-like\ R \Longrightarrow Elem\ x\ (Ext-ZF\ R\ s) = ((x,s) \in R)$ 
apply (simp add: Ext-ZF-def)
apply (subst Elem-implode)
apply (simp add: set-like-def)
apply (simp add: Ext-def)
done

consts
   $Ext-ZF-n :: (ZF * ZF) \text{ set} \Rightarrow ZF \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow ZF$ 

primrec
   $Ext-ZF-n\ R\ s\ 0 = Ext-ZF\ R\ s$ 
   $Ext-ZF-n\ R\ s\ (Suc\ n) = Sum\ (Repl\ (Ext-ZF-n\ R\ s\ n)\ (Ext-ZF\ R))$ 

constdefs
   $Ext-ZF-hull :: (ZF * ZF) \text{ set} \Rightarrow ZF \Rightarrow ZF$ 
   $Ext-ZF-hull\ R\ s == SeqSum\ (Ext-ZF-n\ R\ s)$ 

lemma  $Elem-Ext-ZF-hull$ :
assumes  $set-like-R: set-like\ R$ 
shows  $Elem\ x\ (Ext-ZF-hull\ R\ S) = (? n. Elem\ x\ (Ext-ZF-n\ R\ S\ n))$ 
by (simp add: Ext-ZF-hull-def SeqSum)

lemma  $Elem-Elem-Ext-ZF-hull$ :
assumes  $set-like-R: set-like\ R$ 
and  $x-hull: Elem\ x\ (Ext-ZF-hull\ R\ S)$ 
and  $y-R-x: (y, x) \in R$ 
shows  $Elem\ y\ (Ext-ZF-hull\ R\ S)$ 
proof –
from  $Elem-Ext-ZF-hull[OF\ set-like-R]\ x-hull$ 
have  $? n. Elem\ x\ (Ext-ZF-n\ R\ S\ n)$  by auto
then obtain  $n$  where  $n: Elem\ x\ (Ext-ZF-n\ R\ S\ n) \dots$ 
with  $y-R-x$  have  $Elem\ y\ (Ext-ZF-n\ R\ S\ (Suc\ n))$ 
apply (auto simp add: Repl Sum)
apply (rule-tac  $x=Ext-ZF\ R\ x$  in  $exI$ )
apply (auto simp add: Elem-Ext-ZF[OF set-like-R])

```

```

done
with Elem-Ext-ZF-hull[OF set-like-R, where x=y] show ?thesis
  by (auto simp del: Ext-ZF-n.simps)
qed

lemma wfzf-minimal:
  assumes hyps: wfzf R C ≠ {}
  shows ∃ x. x ∈ C ∧ (∀ y. (y, x) ∈ R ⟶ y ∉ C)
proof -
  from hyps have ∃ S. S ∈ C by auto
  then obtain S where S:S ∈ C by auto
  let ?T = Sep (Ext-ZF-hull R S) (λ s. s ∈ C)
  from hyps have set-like-R: set-like R by (simp add: wfzf-def)
  show ?thesis
  proof (cases ?T = Empty)
    case True
    then have ∀ z. ¬ (Elem z (Sep (Ext-ZF R S) (λ s. s ∈ C)))
    apply (auto simp add: Ext Empty Sep Ext-ZF-hull-def SeqSum)
    apply (erule-tac x=z in allE, auto)
    apply (erule-tac x=0 in allE, auto)
    done
    then show ?thesis
    apply (rule-tac exI[where x=S])
    apply (auto simp add: Sep Empty S)
    apply (erule-tac x=y in allE)
    apply (simp add: set-like-R Elem-Ext-ZF)
    done
  next
    case False
    from hyps have regular-R: regular R by (simp add: wfzf-def)
    from
      regular-R[simplified regular-def, rule-format, OF False, simplified Sep]
      Elem-Ext-ZF-hull[OF set-like-R]
    show ?thesis by blast
  qed
qed

lemma wfzf-implies-wf: wfzf R ⟹ wf R
proof (subst wf-def, rule allI)
  assume wfzf: wfzf R
  fix P :: ZF ⟹ bool
  let ?C = {x. P x}
  {
    assume induct: (∀ x. (∀ y. (y, x) ∈ R ⟶ P y) ⟶ P x)
    let ?C = {x. ¬ (P x)}
    have ?C = {}
    proof (rule ccontr)
      assume C: ?C ≠ {}
      from

```

```

      wfzf-minimal[OF wfzf C]
    obtain x where x: x ∈ ?C ∧ (∀ y. (y, x) ∈ R ⟶ y ∉ ?C) ..
  then have P x
    apply (rule-tac induct[rule-format])
    apply auto
    done
  with x show False by auto
qed
then have ! x. P x by auto
}
then show (∀ x. (∀ y. (y, x) ∈ R ⟶ P y) ⟶ P x) ⟶ (! x. P x) by blast
qed

```

```

lemma wf-is-Elem-of: wf is-Elem-of
  by (auto simp add: wfzf-is-Elem-of wfzf-implies-wf)

```

```

lemma in-Ext-RTrans-implies-Elem-Ext-ZF-hull:
  set-like R ⟹ x ∈ (Ext (R^+) s) ⟹ Elem x (Ext-ZF-hull R s)
  apply (simp add: Ext-def Elem-Ext-ZF-hull)
  apply (erule converse-trancl-induct[where r=R])
  apply (rule exI[where x=0])
  apply (simp add: Elem-Ext-ZF)
  apply auto
  apply (rule-tac x=Suc n in exI)
  apply (simp add: Sum Repl)
  apply (rule-tac x=Ext-ZF R z in exI)
  apply (auto simp add: Elem-Ext-ZF)
  done

```

```

lemma implodeable-Ext-trancl: set-like R ⟹ set-like (R^+)
  apply (subst set-like-def)
  apply (auto simp add: image-def)
  apply (rule-tac x=Sep (Ext-ZF-hull R y) (λ z. z ∈ (Ext (R^+) y)) in exI)
  apply (auto simp add: explode-def Sep set-ext
    in-Ext-RTrans-implies-Elem-Ext-ZF-hull)
  done

```

```

lemma Elem-Ext-ZF-hull-implies-in-Ext-RTrans[rule-format]:
  set-like R ⟹ ! x. Elem x (Ext-ZF-n R s n) ⟶ x ∈ (Ext (R^+) s)
  apply (induct-tac n)
  apply (auto simp add: Elem-Ext-ZF Ext-def Sum Repl)
  done

```

```

lemma set-like R ⟹ Ext-ZF (R^+) s = Ext-ZF-hull R s
  apply (frule implodeable-Ext-trancl)
  apply (auto simp add: Ext)
  apply (erule in-Ext-RTrans-implies-Elem-Ext-ZF-hull)
  apply (simp add: Elem-Ext-ZF Ext-def)
  apply (auto simp add: Elem-Ext-ZF Elem-Ext-ZF-hull)

```

```

    apply (erule Elem-Ext-ZF-hull-implies-in-Ext-RTrans[simplified Ext-def, simplified], assumption)
  done

lemma wf-implies-regular: wf R  $\implies$  regular R
proof (simp add: regular-def, rule allI)
  assume wf: wf R
  fix A
  show A  $\neq$  Empty  $\longrightarrow$  ( $\exists x. \text{Elem } x A \wedge (\forall y. (y, x) \in R \longrightarrow \neg \text{Elem } y A)$ )
  proof
    assume A: A  $\neq$  Empty
    then have ? x. x  $\in$  explode A
    by (auto simp add: explode-def Ext Empty)
    then obtain x where x: x  $\in$  explode A ..
    from iffD1[OF wf-eq-minimal wf, rule-format, where Q=explode A, OF x]
    obtain z where z  $\in$  explode A  $\wedge$  ( $\forall y. (y, z) \in R \longrightarrow y \notin \text{explode } A$ ) by auto

    then show  $\exists x. \text{Elem } x A \wedge (\forall y. (y, x) \in R \longrightarrow \neg \text{Elem } y A)$ 
    apply (rule-tac exI[where x = z])
    apply (simp add: explode-def)
    done
  qed
qed

lemma wf-eq-wfzf: (wf R  $\wedge$  set-like R) = wfzf R
  apply (auto simp add: wfzf-implies-wf)
  apply (auto simp add: wfzf-def wf-implies-regular)
  done

lemma wfzf-trancl: wfzf R  $\implies$  wfzf (R+)
  by (auto simp add: wf-eq-wfzf[symmetric] implodeable-Ext-trancl wf-trancl)

lemma Ext-subset-mono: R  $\subseteq$  S  $\implies$  Ext R y  $\subseteq$  Ext S y
  by (auto simp add: Ext-def)

lemma set-like-subset: set-like R  $\implies$  S  $\subseteq$  R  $\implies$  set-like S
  apply (auto simp add: set-like-def)
  apply (erule-tac x=y in allE)
  apply (drule-tac y=y in Ext-subset-mono)
  apply (auto simp add: image-def)
  apply (rule-tac x=Sep x (% z. z  $\in$  (Ext S y)) in exI)
  apply (auto simp add: explode-def Sep)
  done

lemma wfzf-subset: wfzf S  $\implies$  R  $\subseteq$  S  $\implies$  wfzf R
  by (auto intro: set-like-subset wf-subset simp add: wf-eq-wfzf[symmetric])

end

```

```

theory Zet
imports HOLZF
begin

typedef 'a zet = {A :: 'a set | A f z. inj-on f A  $\wedge$  f ' A  $\subseteq$  explode z}
  by blast

constdefs
  zin :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a zet  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  zin x A == x  $\in$  (Rep-zet A)

lemma zet-ext-eq: (A = B) = (! x. zin x A = zin x B)
  by (auto simp add: Rep-zet-inject[symmetric] zin-def)

constdefs
  zimage :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'b)  $\Rightarrow$  'a zet  $\Rightarrow$  'b zet
  zimage f A == Abs-zet (image f (Rep-zet A))

lemma zet-def': zet = {A :: 'a set | A f z. inj-on f A  $\wedge$  f ' A = explode z}
  apply (rule set-ext)
  apply (auto simp add: zet-def)
  apply (rule-tac x=f in exI)
  apply auto
  apply (rule-tac x=Sep z ( $\lambda$  y. y  $\in$  (f ' x)) in exI)
  apply (auto simp add: explode-def Sep)
  done

lemma image-Inv-f-f: inj-on f B  $\Longrightarrow$  A  $\subseteq$  B  $\Longrightarrow$  (Inv B f) ' f ' A = A
  apply (rule set-ext)
  apply (auto simp add: Inv-f-f image-def)
  apply (rule-tac x=f x in exI)
  apply (auto simp add: Inv-f-f)
  done

lemma image-zet-rep: A  $\in$  zet  $\Longrightarrow$  ? z . g ' A = explode z
  apply (auto simp add: zet-def')
  apply (rule-tac x=Repl z (g o (Inv A f)) in exI)
  apply (simp add: explode-Repl-eq)
  apply (subgoal-tac explode z = f ' A)
  apply (simp-all add: comp-image-eq image-Inv-f-f)
  done

lemma Inv-f-f-mem:
  assumes x  $\in$  A
  shows Inv A g (g x)  $\in$  A
  apply (simp add: Inv-def)
  apply (rule someI2)

```

```

using ⟨ $x \in A$ ⟩ apply auto
done

lemma zet-image-mem:
  assumes Azet:  $A \in \text{zet}$ 
  shows  $g \text{ ' } A \in \text{zet}$ 
proof -
  from Azet have ? (f :: -  $\Rightarrow$  ZF). inj-on f A
  by (auto simp add: zet-def')
  then obtain f where injf: inj-on (f :: -  $\Rightarrow$  ZF) A
  by auto
  let ?w = f o (Inv A g)
  have subset: (Inv A g) ' ( $g \text{ ' } A$ )  $\subseteq$  A
  by (auto simp add: Inv-f-f-mem)
  have inj-on (Inv A g) ( $g \text{ ' } A$ ) by (simp add: inj-on-Inv)
  then have injw: inj-on ?w ( $g \text{ ' } A$ )
  apply (rule comp-inj-on)
  apply (rule subset-inj-on[where B=A])
  apply (auto simp add: subset injf)
  done
  show ?thesis
  apply (simp add: zet-def' comp-image-eq[symmetric])
  apply (rule exI[where x=?w])
  apply (simp add: injw image-zet-rep Azet)
  done
qed

lemma Rep-zimage-eq: Rep-zet (zimage f A) = image f (Rep-zet A)
  apply (simp add: zimage-def)
  apply (subst Abs-zet-inverse)
  apply (simp-all add: Rep-zet zet-image-mem)
  done

lemma zimage-iff: zin y (zimage f A) = (? x. zin x A & y = f x)
  by (auto simp add: zin-def Rep-zimage-eq)

constdefs
  zimplode :: ZF zet  $\Rightarrow$  ZF
  zimplode A == implode (Rep-zet A)
  zexplode :: ZF  $\Rightarrow$  ZF zet
  zexplode z == Abs-zet (explode z)

lemma Rep-zet-eq-explode: ? z. Rep-zet A = explode z
  by (rule image-zet-rep[where g= $\lambda x. x$ , OF Rep-zet, simplified])

lemma zexplode-zimplode: zexplode (zimplode A) = A
  apply (simp add: zimplode-def zexplode-def)
  apply (simp add: implode-def)
  apply (subst f-inv-f[where y=Rep-zet A])

```

```

apply (auto simp add: Rep-zet-inverse Rep-zet-eq-explode image-def)
done

lemma explode-mem-zet: explode  $z \in \text{zet}$ 
apply (simp add: zet-def')
apply (rule-tac  $x = \%_0 x. x \text{ in } \text{exI}$ )
apply (auto simp add: inj-on-def)
done

lemma zimplode-zexplode: zimplode (zexplode  $z$ ) =  $z$ 
apply (simp add: zimplode-def zexplode-def)
apply (subst Abs-zet-inverse)
apply (auto simp add: explode-mem-zet implode-explode)
done

lemma zin-zexplode-eq:  $\text{zin } x (\text{zexplode } A) = \text{Elem } x A$ 
apply (simp add: zin-def zexplode-def)
apply (subst Abs-zet-inverse)
apply (simp-all add: explode-Elem explode-mem-zet)
done

lemma comp-zimage-eq:  $\text{zimage } g (\text{zimage } f A) = \text{zimage } (g \circ f) A$ 
apply (simp add: zimage-def)
apply (subst Abs-zet-inverse)
apply (simp-all add: comp-image-eq zet-image-mem Rep-zet)
done

constdefs
   $\text{zunion} :: 'a \text{ zet} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ zet} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ zet}$ 
   $\text{zunion } a b \equiv \text{Abs-zet } ((\text{Rep-zet } a) \cup (\text{Rep-zet } b))$ 
   $\text{zsubset} :: 'a \text{ zet} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ zet} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ 
   $\text{zsubset } a b \equiv ! x. \text{zin } x a \longrightarrow \text{zin } x b$ 

lemma explode-union:  $\text{explode } (\text{union } a b) = (\text{explode } a) \cup (\text{explode } b)$ 
apply (rule set-ext)
apply (simp add: explode-def union)
done

lemma Rep-zet-zunion:  $\text{Rep-zet } (\text{zunion } a b) = (\text{Rep-zet } a) \cup (\text{Rep-zet } b)$ 
proof -
  from Rep-zet[of  $a$ ] have  $? f z. \text{inj-on } f (\text{Rep-zet } a) \wedge f ' (\text{Rep-zet } a) = \text{explode } z$ 
    by (auto simp add: zet-def')
  then obtain  $fa za$  where  $a:\text{inj-on } fa (\text{Rep-zet } a) \wedge fa ' (\text{Rep-zet } a) = \text{explode } za$ 
    by blast
  from  $a$  have  $fa:\text{inj-on } fa (\text{Rep-zet } a)$  by blast
  from  $a$  have  $za: fa ' (\text{Rep-zet } a) = \text{explode } za$  by blast
  from Rep-zet[of  $b$ ] have  $? f z. \text{inj-on } f (\text{Rep-zet } b) \wedge f ' (\text{Rep-zet } b) = \text{explode } z$ 
    by (auto simp add: zet-def')

```

```

then obtain fb zb where b:inj-on fb (Rep-zet b)  $\wedge$  fb ‘ (Rep-zet b) = explode zb
  by blast
from b have fb: inj-on fb (Rep-zet b) by blast
from b have zb: fb ‘ (Rep-zet b) = explode zb by blast
let ?f = ( $\lambda$  x. if x  $\in$  (Rep-zet a) then Opair (fa x) (Empty) else Opair (fb x)
(Singleton Empty))
let ?z = CartProd (union za zb) (Upair Empty (Singleton Empty))
have se: Singleton Empty  $\neq$  Empty
  apply (auto simp add: Ext Singleton)
  apply (rule exI[where x=Empty])
  apply (simp add: Empty)
  done
show ?thesis
  apply (simp add: zunion-def)
  apply (subst Abs-zet-inverse)
  apply (auto simp add: zet-def)
  apply (rule exI[where x = ?f])
  apply (rule conjI)
  apply (auto simp add: inj-on-def Opair inj-onD[OF fa] inj-onD[OF fb] se
se[symmetric])
  apply (rule exI[where x = ?z])
  apply (insert za zb)
  apply (auto simp add: explode-def CartProd union Upair Opair)
  done
qed

lemma zunion: zin x (zunion a b) = ((zin x a)  $\vee$  (zin x b))
  by (auto simp add: zin-def Rep-zet-zunion)

lemma zimage-zexplode-eq: zimage f (zexplode z) = zexplode (Repl z f)
  by (simp add: zet-ext-eq zin-zexplode-eq Repl zimage-iff)

lemma range-explode-eq-zet: range explode = zet
  apply (rule set-ext)
  apply (auto simp add: explode-mem-zet)
  apply (drule image-zet-rep)
  apply (simp add: image-def)
  apply auto
  apply (rule-tac x=z in exI)
  apply auto
  done

lemma Elem-zimplode: (Elem x (zimplode z)) = (zin x z)
  apply (simp add: zimplode-def)
  apply (subst Elem-implode)
  apply (simp-all add: zin-def Rep-zet range-explode-eq-zet)
  done

constdefs

```



```

zempty :: 'a zet
zempty ≡ Abs-zet {}

lemma zempty[simp]: ¬ (zin x zempty)
  by (auto simp add: zin-def zempty-def Abs-zet-inverse zet-def)

lemma zimage-zempty[simp]: zimage f zempty = zempty
  by (auto simp add: zet-ext-eq zimage-iff)

lemma zunion-zempty-left[simp]: zunion zempty a = a
  by (simp add: zet-ext-eq zunion)

lemma zunion-zempty-right[simp]: zunion a zempty = a
  by (simp add: zet-ext-eq zunion)

lemma zimage-id[simp]: zimage id A = A
  by (simp add: zet-ext-eq zimage-iff)

lemma zimage-cong[recdef-cong]:  $\llbracket M = N; !! x. \text{zin } x \ N \implies f \ x = g \ x \rrbracket \implies$ 
zimage f M = zimage g N
  by (auto simp add: zet-ext-eq zimage-iff)

end

```

1 Multisets

```

theory Multiset
imports List Main
begin

```

1.1 The type of multisets

```

typedef 'a multiset = {f::'a => nat. finite {x . f x > 0}}
proof
  show (λx. 0::nat) ∈ ?multiset by simp
qed

lemmas multiset-typedef [simp] =
  Abs-multiset-inverse Rep-multiset-inverse Rep-multiset
  and [simp] = Rep-multiset-inject [symmetric]

definition Mempty :: 'a multiset ({#}) where
  [code del]: {#} = Abs-multiset (λa. 0)

definition single :: 'a => 'a multiset where
  [code del]: single a = Abs-multiset (λb. if b = a then 1 else 0)

definition count :: 'a multiset => 'a => nat where

```

count = *Rep-multiset*

definition *MCollect* :: 'a multiset => ('a => bool) => 'a multiset **where**
MCollect *M* *P* = *Abs-multiset* ($\lambda x. \text{if } P \ x \text{ then } \text{Rep-multiset } M \ x \text{ else } 0$)

abbreviation *Melem* :: 'a => 'a multiset => bool ((-/ :# -) [50, 51] 50) **where**
a :# *M* == 0 < *count* *M* *a*

notation (*xsymbols*)
Melem (**infix** ∈# 50)

syntax
-MCollect :: *pttrn* => 'a multiset => bool => 'a multiset ((1 {# - :# - / -#}))
translations
 {#*x* :# *M*. *P*#} == *CONST* *MCollect* *M* ($\lambda x. P$)

definition *set-of* :: 'a multiset => 'a set **where**
set-of *M* = {*x*. *x* :# *M*}

instantiation *multiset* :: (type) {plus, minus, zero, size}
begin

definition *union-def* [*code del*]:
M + *N* = *Abs-multiset* ($\lambda a. \text{Rep-multiset } M \ a + \text{Rep-multiset } N \ a$)

definition *diff-def* [*code del*]:
M - *N* = *Abs-multiset* ($\lambda a. \text{Rep-multiset } M \ a - \text{Rep-multiset } N \ a$)

definition *Zero-multiset-def* [*simp*]:
 0 = {#}

definition *size-def*:
size *M* = *setsum* (*count* *M*) (*set-of* *M*)

instance ..

end

definition
multiset-inter :: 'a multiset ⇒ 'a multiset ⇒ 'a multiset (**infixl** #∩ 70) **where**
multiset-inter *A* *B* = *A* - (*A* - *B*)

Multiset Enumeration

syntax
-multiset :: *args* => 'a multiset ({#(-)#})
translations
 {#*x*, *xs*#} == {#*x*#} + {#*xs*#}
 {#*x*#} == *CONST* *single* *x*

Preservation of the representing set *multiset*.

lemma *const0-in-multiset*: $(\lambda a. 0) \in \text{multiset}$
by (*simp add: multiset-def*)

lemma *only1-in-multiset*: $(\lambda b. \text{if } b = a \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0) \in \text{multiset}$
by (*simp add: multiset-def*)

lemma *union-preserves-multiset*:
 $M \in \text{multiset} \implies N \in \text{multiset} \implies (\lambda a. M\ a + N\ a) \in \text{multiset}$
by (*simp add: multiset-def*)

lemma *diff-preserves-multiset*:
 $M \in \text{multiset} \implies (\lambda a. M\ a - N\ a) \in \text{multiset}$
apply (*simp add: multiset-def*)
apply (*rule finite-subset*)
apply *auto*
done

lemma *MCollect-preserves-multiset*:
 $M \in \text{multiset} \implies (\lambda x. \text{if } P\ x \text{ then } M\ x \text{ else } 0) \in \text{multiset}$
apply (*simp add: multiset-def*)
apply (*rule finite-subset, auto*)
done

lemmas *in-multiset = const0-in-multiset only1-in-multiset*
union-preserves-multiset diff-preserves-multiset MCollect-preserves-multiset

1.2 Algebraic properties

1.2.1 Union

lemma *union-empty* [*simp*]: $M + \{\#\} = M \wedge \{\#\} + M = M$
by (*simp add: union-def Mempty-def in-multiset*)

lemma *union-commute*: $M + N = N + (M::'a\ \text{multiset})$
by (*simp add: union-def add-ac in-multiset*)

lemma *union-assoc*: $(M + N) + K = M + (N + (K::'a\ \text{multiset}))$
by (*simp add: union-def add-ac in-multiset*)

lemma *union-lcomm*: $M + (N + K) = N + (M + (K::'a\ \text{multiset}))$
proof –
have $M + (N + K) = (N + K) + M$ **by** (*rule union-commute*)
also have $\dots = N + (K + M)$ **by** (*rule union-assoc*)
also have $K + M = M + K$ **by** (*rule union-commute*)
finally show *?thesis* .
qed

lemmas *union-ac = union-assoc union-commute union-lcomm*

instance *multiset :: (type) comm-monoid-add*

proof

fix *a b c :: 'a multiset*

show $(a + b) + c = a + (b + c)$ **by** *(rule union-assoc)*

show $a + b = b + a$ **by** *(rule union-commute)*

show $0 + a = a$ **by** *simp*

qed

1.2.2 Difference

lemma *diff-empty [simp]: $M - \{\#\} = M \wedge \{\#\} - M = \{\#\}$*

by *(simp add: Mempty-def diff-def in-multiset)*

lemma *diff-union-inverse2 [simp]: $M + \{\#a\# \} - \{\#a\# \} = M$*

by *(simp add: union-def diff-def in-multiset)*

lemma *diff-cancel: $A - A = \{\#\}$*

by *(simp add: diff-def Mempty-def)*

1.2.3 Count of elements

lemma *count-empty [simp]: $\text{count } \{\#\} a = 0$*

by *(simp add: count-def Mempty-def in-multiset)*

lemma *count-single [simp]: $\text{count } \{\#b\# \} a = (\text{if } b = a \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$*

by *(simp add: count-def single-def in-multiset)*

lemma *count-union [simp]: $\text{count } (M + N) a = \text{count } M a + \text{count } N a$*

by *(simp add: count-def union-def in-multiset)*

lemma *count-diff [simp]: $\text{count } (M - N) a = \text{count } M a - \text{count } N a$*

by *(simp add: count-def diff-def in-multiset)*

lemma *count-MCollect [simp]:*

$\text{count } \{\# x:\#M. P x \# \} a = (\text{if } P a \text{ then } \text{count } M a \text{ else } 0)$

by *(simp add: count-def MCollect-def in-multiset)*

1.2.4 Set of elements

lemma *set-of-empty [simp]: $\text{set-of } \{\#\} = \{\}$*

by *(simp add: set-of-def)*

lemma *set-of-single [simp]: $\text{set-of } \{\#b\# \} = \{b\}$*

by *(simp add: set-of-def)*

lemma *set-of-union [simp]: $\text{set-of } (M + N) = \text{set-of } M \cup \text{set-of } N$*

by *(auto simp add: set-of-def)*

lemma *set-of-eq-empty-iff* [simp]: $(\text{set-of } M = \{\}) = (M = \{\#\})$
by (*auto simp: set-of-def Mempty-def in-multiset count-def expand-fun-eq* [where $f = \text{Rep-multiset } M$])

lemma *mem-set-of-iff* [simp]: $(x \in \text{set-of } M) = (x :\# M)$
by (*auto simp add: set-of-def*)

lemma *set-of-MCollect* [simp]: $\text{set-of } \{\# x:\# M. P x \#\} = \text{set-of } M \cap \{x. P x\}$
by (*auto simp add: set-of-def*)

1.2.5 Size

lemma *size-empty* [simp]: $\text{size } \{\# \} = 0$
by (*simp add: size-def*)

lemma *size-single* [simp]: $\text{size } \{\# b \# \} = 1$
by (*simp add: size-def*)

lemma *finite-set-of* [iff]: *finite* (*set-of* M)
using *Rep-multiset* [of M] **by** (*simp add: multiset-def set-of-def count-def*)

lemma *setsum-count-Int*:
finite $A \implies \text{setsum } (\text{count } N) (A \cap \text{set-of } N) = \text{setsum } (\text{count } N) A$
apply (*induct rule: finite-induct*)
apply *simp*
apply (*simp add: Int-insert-left set-of-def*)
done

lemma *size-union* [simp]: $\text{size } (M + N::'a \text{ multiset}) = \text{size } M + \text{size } N$
apply (*unfold size-def*)
apply (*subgoal-tac count* $(M + N) = (\lambda a. \text{count } M a + \text{count } N a)$)
prefer 2
apply (*rule ext, simp*)
apply (*simp (no-asm-simp) add: setsum-Un-nat setsum-addf setsum-count-Int*)
apply (*subst Int-commute*)
apply (*simp (no-asm-simp) add: setsum-count-Int*)
done

lemma *size-eq-0-iff-empty* [iff]: $(\text{size } M = 0) = (M = \{\#\})$
apply (*unfold size-def Mempty-def count-def, auto simp: in-multiset*)
apply (*simp add: set-of-def count-def in-multiset expand-fun-eq*)
done

lemma *nonempty-has-size*: $(S \neq \{\#\}) = (0 < \text{size } S)$
by (*metis gr0I gr-implies-not0 size-empty size-eq-0-iff-empty*)

lemma *size-eq-Suc-imp-elem*: $\text{size } M = \text{Suc } n \implies \exists a. a :\# M$
apply (*unfold size-def*)
apply (*drule setsum-SucD*)

apply *auto*
done

1.2.6 Equality of multisets

lemma *multiset-eq-conv-count-eq*: $(M = N) = (\forall a. \text{count } M \ a = \text{count } N \ a)$
by (*simp add: count-def expand-fun-eq*)

lemma *single-not-empty* [*simp*]: $\{\#a\# \} \neq \{\#\} \wedge \{\#\} \neq \{\#a\# \}$
by (*simp add: single-def Mempty-def in-multiset expand-fun-eq*)

lemma *single-eq-single* [*simp*]: $(\{\#a\# \} = \{\#b\# \}) = (a = b)$
by (*auto simp add: single-def in-multiset expand-fun-eq*)

lemma *union-eq-empty* [*iff*]: $(M + N = \{\#\}) = (M = \{\#\} \wedge N = \{\#\})$
by (*auto simp add: union-def Mempty-def in-multiset expand-fun-eq*)

lemma *empty-eq-union* [*iff*]: $(\{\#\} = M + N) = (M = \{\#\} \wedge N = \{\#\})$
by (*auto simp add: union-def Mempty-def in-multiset expand-fun-eq*)

lemma *union-right-cancel* [*simp*]: $(M + K = N + K) = (M = (N::'a \text{ multiset}))$
by (*simp add: union-def in-multiset expand-fun-eq*)

lemma *union-left-cancel* [*simp*]: $(K + M = K + N) = (M = (N::'a \text{ multiset}))$
by (*simp add: union-def in-multiset expand-fun-eq*)

lemma *union-is-single*:
 $(M + N = \{\#a\# \}) = (M = \{\#a\# \} \wedge N = \{\#\} \vee M = \{\#\} \wedge N = \{\#a\# \})$
apply (*simp add: Mempty-def single-def union-def in-multiset add-is-1 expand-fun-eq*)
apply *blast*
done

lemma *single-is-union*:
 $(\{\#a\# \} = M + N) \longleftrightarrow (\{\#a\# \} = M \wedge N = \{\#\} \vee M = \{\#\} \wedge \{\#a\# \} = N)$
apply (*unfold Mempty-def single-def union-def*)
apply (*simp add: add-is-1 one-is-add in-multiset expand-fun-eq*)
apply (*blast dest: sym*)
done

lemma *add-eq-conv-diff*:
 $(M + \{\#a\# \} = N + \{\#b\# \}) =$
 $(M = N \wedge a = b \vee M = N - \{\#a\# \} + \{\#b\# \} \wedge N = M - \{\#b\# \} + \{\#a\# \})$
using [*simproc del: neq*]
apply (*unfold single-def union-def diff-def*)
apply (*simp (no-asm) add: in-multiset expand-fun-eq*)
apply (*rule conjI, force, safe, simp-all*)
apply (*simp add: eq-sym-conv*)

done

declare *Rep-multiset-inject* [*symmetric*, *simp del*]

instance *multiset* :: (*type*) *cancel-ab-semigroup-add*

proof

fix *a b c* :: '*a multiset*

show $a + b = a + c \implies b = c$ **by** *simp*

qed

lemma *insert-DiffM*:

$x \in\# M \implies \{\#x\# \} + (M - \{\#x\# \}) = M$

by (*clarsimp simp: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq*)

lemma *insert-DiffM2*[*simp*]:

$x \in\# M \implies M - \{\#x\# \} + \{\#x\# \} = M$

by (*clarsimp simp: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq*)

lemma *multi-union-self-other-eq*:

$(A::'a \text{ multiset}) + X = A + Y \implies X = Y$

by (*induct A arbitrary: X Y*) *auto*

lemma *multi-self-add-other-not-self*[*simp*]: $(A = A + \{\#x\# \}) = \text{False}$

by (*metis single-not-empty union-empty union-left-cancel*)

lemma *insert-noteq-member*:

assumes *BC*: $B + \{\#b\# \} = C + \{\#c\# \}$

and *bnotc*: $b \neq c$

shows $c \in\# B$

proof –

have $c \in\# C + \{\#c\# \}$ **by** *simp*

have *nc*: $\neg c \in\# \{\#b\# \}$ **using** *bnotc* **by** *simp*

then have $c \in\# B + \{\#b\# \}$ **using** *BC* **by** *simp*

then show $c \in\# B$ **using** *nc* **by** *simp*

qed

lemma *add-eq-conv-ex*:

$(M + \{\#a\# \} = N + \{\#b\# \}) =$

$(M = N \wedge a = b \vee (\exists K. M = K + \{\#b\# \} \wedge N = K + \{\#a\# \}))$

by (*auto simp add: add-eq-conv-diff*)

lemma *empty-multiset-count*:

$(\forall x. \text{count } A \ x = 0) = (A = \{\#\})$

by (*metis count-empty multiset-eq-conv-count-eq*)

1.2.7 Intersection

lemma *multiset-inter-count*:

$\text{count } (A \# \cap B) x = \min (\text{count } A x) (\text{count } B x)$

by (*simp add: multiset-inter-def min-def*)

lemma *multiset-inter-commute*: $A \# \cap B = B \# \cap A$

by (*simp add: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq multiset-inter-count min-max.inf-commute*)

lemma *multiset-inter-assoc*: $A \# \cap (B \# \cap C) = A \# \cap B \# \cap C$

by (*simp add: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq multiset-inter-count min-max.inf-assoc*)

lemma *multiset-inter-left-commute*: $A \# \cap (B \# \cap C) = B \# \cap (A \# \cap C)$

by (*simp add: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq multiset-inter-count min-def*)

lemmas *multiset-inter-ac* =

multiset-inter-commute

multiset-inter-assoc

multiset-inter-left-commute

lemma *multiset-inter-single*: $a \neq b \implies \{\#a\} \# \cap \{\#b\} = \{\#\}$

by (*simp add: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq multiset-inter-count*)

lemma *multiset-union-diff-commute*: $B \# \cap C = \{\#\} \implies A + B - C = A - C + B$

apply (*simp add: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq multiset-inter-count min-def split: split-if-asm*)

apply *clarsimp*

apply (*erule-tac x = a in allE*)

apply *auto*

done

1.2.8 Comprehension (filter)

lemma *MCollect-empty* [*simp*]: $MCollect \{\#\} P = \{\#\}$

by (*simp add: MCollect-def Mempty-def Abs-multiset-inject in-multiset expand-fun-eq*)

lemma *MCollect-single* [*simp*]:

$MCollect \{\#x\} P = (\text{if } P x \text{ then } \{\#x\} \text{ else } \{\#\})$

by (*simp add: MCollect-def Mempty-def single-def Abs-multiset-inject in-multiset expand-fun-eq*)

lemma *MCollect-union* [*simp*]:

$MCollect (M+N) f = MCollect M f + MCollect N f$

by (*simp add: MCollect-def union-def Abs-multiset-inject in-multiset expand-fun-eq*)

1.3 Induction and case splits

lemma *setsum-decr*:

```

  finite F ==> (0::nat) < f a ==>
    setsum (f (a := f a - 1)) F = (if a∈F then setsum f F - 1 else setsum f F)
apply (induct rule: finite-induct)
apply auto
apply (drule-tac a = a in mk-disjoint-insert, auto)
done

```

lemma *rep-multiset-induct-aux*:

```

assumes 1: P (λa. (0::nat))
  and 2: !!f b. f ∈ multiset ==> P f ==> P (f (b := f b + 1))
shows ∀f. f ∈ multiset --> setsum f {x. f x ≠ 0} = n --> P f
apply (unfold multiset-def)
apply (induct-tac n, simp, clarify)
apply (subgoal-tac f = (λa. 0))
apply simp
apply (rule 1)
apply (rule ext, force, clarify)
apply (frule setsum-SucD, clarify)
apply (rename-tac a)
apply (subgoal-tac finite {x. (f (a := f a - 1)) x > 0})
prefer 2
apply (rule finite-subset)
prefer 2
apply assumption
apply simp
apply blast
apply (subgoal-tac f = (f (a := f a - 1))(a := (f (a := f a - 1)) a + 1))
prefer 2
apply (rule ext)
apply (simp (no-asm-simp))
apply (erule ssubst, rule 2 [unfolded multiset-def], blast)
apply (erule allE, erule impE, erule-tac [2] mp, blast)
apply (simp (no-asm-simp) add: setsum-decr del: fun-upd-apply One-nat-def)
apply (subgoal-tac {x. x ≠ a --> f x ≠ 0} = {x. f x ≠ 0})
prefer 2
apply blast
apply (subgoal-tac {x. x ≠ a ∧ f x ≠ 0} = {x. f x ≠ 0} - {a})
prefer 2
apply blast
apply (simp add: le-imp-diff-is-add setsum-diff1-nat cong: conj-cong)
done

```

theorem *rep-multiset-induct*:

```

  f ∈ multiset ==> P (λa. 0) ==>
    (!!f b. f ∈ multiset ==> P f ==> P (f (b := f b + 1))) ==> P f
using rep-multiset-induct-aux by blast

```

```

theorem multiset-induct [case-names empty add, induct type: multiset]:
assumes empty:  $P \ \{\#\}$ 
  and add:  $!!M \ x. \ P \ M \implies P \ (M + \{\#x\# \})$ 
shows  $P \ M$ 
proof -
  note defns = union-def single-def Mempty-def
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule Rep-multiset-inverse [THEN subst])
    apply (rule Rep-multiset [THEN rep-multiset-induct])
    apply (rule empty [unfolded defns])
    apply (subgoal-tac  $f(b := f \ b + 1) = (\lambda a. f \ a + (\text{if } a=b \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0))$ )
    prefer 2
    apply (simp add: expand-fun-eq)
    apply (erule ssubst)
    apply (erule Abs-multiset-inverse [THEN subst])
    apply (drule add [unfolded defns, simplified])
    apply (simp add: in-multiset)
  done
qed

lemma multi-nonempty-split:  $M \neq \{\#\} \implies \exists A \ a. \ M = A + \{\#a\# \}$ 
by (induct M) auto

lemma multiset-cases [cases type, case-names empty add]:
assumes em:  $M = \{\#\} \implies P$ 
assumes add:  $\bigwedge N \ x. \ M = N + \{\#x\# \} \implies P$ 
shows  $P$ 
proof (cases  $M = \{\#\}$ )
  assume  $M = \{\#\}$  then show ?thesis using em by simp
next
  assume  $M \neq \{\#\}$ 
  then obtain  $M' \ m$  where  $M = M' + \{\#m\# \}$ 
  by (blast dest: multi-nonempty-split)
  then show ?thesis using add by simp
qed

lemma multi-member-split:  $x \in\# \ M \implies \exists A. \ M = A + \{\#x\# \}$ 
apply (cases M)
apply simp
apply (rule-tac  $x=M - \{\#x\# \}$  in exI, simp)
done

lemma multiset-partition:  $M = \{\# \ x:\#M. \ P \ x \ \#\} + \{\# \ x:\#M. \ \neg P \ x \ \#\}$ 
apply (subst multiset-eq-conv-count-eq)
apply auto
done

declare multiset-typedef [simp del]

```

lemma *multi-drop-mem-not-eq*: $c \in \# B \implies B - \{\#c\} \neq B$
by (*cases* $B = \{\#\}$) (*auto dest: multi-member-split*)

1.4 Orderings

1.4.1 Well-foundedness

definition *mult1* :: $('a \times 'a) \text{ set} \implies ('a \text{ multiset} \times 'a \text{ multiset}) \text{ set}$ **where**
 $[code\ del]: \text{mult1 } r = \{(N, M). \exists a\ M0\ K. M = M0 + \{\#a\} \wedge N = M0 + K$
 \wedge
 $(\forall b. b : \# K \longrightarrow (b, a) \in r)\}$

definition *mult* :: $('a \times 'a) \text{ set} \implies ('a \text{ multiset} \times 'a \text{ multiset}) \text{ set}$ **where**
 $\text{mult } r = (\text{mult1 } r)^+$

lemma *not-less-empty* [*iff*]: $(M, \{\#\}) \notin \text{mult1 } r$
by (*simp add: mult1-def*)

lemma *less-add*: $(N, M0 + \{\#a\}) \in \text{mult1 } r \implies$
 $(\exists M. (M, M0) \in \text{mult1 } r \wedge N = M + \{\#a\}) \vee$
 $(\exists K. (\forall b. b : \# K \longrightarrow (b, a) \in r) \wedge N = M0 + K)$
(is - \implies ?case1 (mult1 r) \vee ?case2)

proof (*unfold mult1-def*)

let $?r = \lambda K\ a. \forall b. b : \# K \longrightarrow (b, a) \in r$
let $?R = \lambda N\ M. \exists a\ M0\ K. M = M0 + \{\#a\} \wedge N = M0 + K \wedge ?r\ K\ a$
let $?case1 = ?case1 \{(N, M). ?R\ N\ M\}$

assume $(N, M0 + \{\#a\}) \in \{(N, M). ?R\ N\ M\}$

then have $\exists a'\ M0'\ K.$

$M0 + \{\#a\} = M0' + \{\#a'\} \wedge N = M0' + K \wedge ?r\ K\ a'$ **by** *simp*

then show $?case1 \vee ?case2$

proof (*elim exE conjE*)

fix $a'\ M0'\ K$

assume $N: N = M0' + K$ **and** $r: ?r\ K\ a'$

assume $M0 + \{\#a\} = M0' + \{\#a'\}$

then have $M0 = M0' \wedge a = a' \vee$

$(\exists K'. M0 = K' + \{\#a'\} \wedge M0' = K' + \{\#a\})$

by (*simp only: add-eq-conv-ex*)

then show *?thesis*

proof (*elim disjE conjE exE*)

assume $M0 = M0'\ a = a'$

with $N\ r$ **have** $?r\ K\ a \wedge N = M0 + K$ **by** *simp*

then have $?case2$ **.. then show** *?thesis* **..**

next

fix K'

assume $M0' = K' + \{\#a\}$

with N **have** $n: N = K' + K + \{\#a\}$ **by** (*simp add: union-ac*)

assume $M0 = K' + \{\#a'\}$

with r **have** $?R\ (K' + K)\ M0$ **by** *blast*

```

    with n have ?case1 by simp then show ?thesis ..
  qed
qed
qed

lemma all-accessible: wf r ==>  $\forall M. M \in acc (mult1\ r)$ 
proof
  let ?R = mult1 r
  let ?W = acc ?R
  {
    fix M M0 a
    assume M0: M0  $\in$  ?W
    and wf-hyp:  $\forall b. (b, a) \in r \implies (\forall M \in ?W. M + \{\#b\# \} \in ?W)$ 
    and acc-hyp:  $\forall M. (M, M0) \in ?R \implies M + \{\#a\# \} \in ?W$ 
    have M0 +  $\{\#a\# \} \in ?W$ 
    proof (rule accI [of M0 +  $\{\#a\# \}$ ])
      fix N
      assume (N, M0 +  $\{\#a\# \}$ )  $\in$  ?R
      then have  $((\exists M. (M, M0) \in ?R \wedge N = M + \{\#a\# \}) \vee$ 
         $(\exists K. (\forall b. b : \# K \implies (b, a) \in r) \wedge N = M0 + K))$ 
        by (rule less-add)
      then show N  $\in$  ?W
    proof (elim exE disjE conjE)
      fix M assume (M, M0)  $\in$  ?R and N: N = M +  $\{\#a\# \}$ 
      from acc-hyp have (M, M0)  $\in$  ?R  $\implies$  M +  $\{\#a\# \} \in ?W$  ..
      from this and  $\langle (M, M0) \in ?R \rangle$  have M +  $\{\#a\# \} \in ?W$  ..
      then show N  $\in$  ?W by (simp only: N)
    next
      fix K
      assume N: N = M0 + K
      assume  $\forall b. b : \# K \implies (b, a) \in r$ 
      then have M0 + K  $\in$  ?W
      proof (induct K)
        case empty
        from M0 show M0 +  $\{\#\}$   $\in$  ?W by simp
      next
        case (add K x)
        from add.prem have (x, a)  $\in$  r by simp
        with wf-hyp have  $\forall M \in ?W. M + \{\#x\# \} \in ?W$  by blast
        moreover from add have M0 + K  $\in$  ?W by simp
        ultimately have (M0 + K) +  $\{\#x\# \} \in ?W$  ..
        then show M0 + (K +  $\{\#x\# \}) \in ?W$  by (simp only: union-assoc)
      qed
    then show N  $\in$  ?W by (simp only: N)
  }
qed
qed
} note tedious-reasoning = this

assume wf: wf r

```

```

fix M
show  $M \in ?W$ 
proof (induct M)
  show  $\{\#\} \in ?W$ 
  proof (rule accI)
    fix b assume  $(b, \{\#\}) \in ?R$ 
    with not-less-empty show  $b \in ?W$  by contradiction
  qed

fix M a assume  $M \in ?W$ 
from wf have  $\forall M \in ?W. M + \{\#a\# \} \in ?W$ 
proof induct
  fix a
  assume r:  $!!b. (b, a) \in r \implies (\forall M \in ?W. M + \{\#b\# \} \in ?W)$ 
  show  $\forall M \in ?W. M + \{\#a\# \} \in ?W$ 
  proof
    fix M assume  $M \in ?W$ 
    then show  $M + \{\#a\# \} \in ?W$ 
    by (rule acc-induct) (rule tedious-reasoning [OF - r])
  qed
qed
qed
from this and  $\langle M \in ?W \rangle$  show  $M + \{\#a\# \} \in ?W ..$ 
qed
qed

theorem wf-mult1:  $wf\ r \implies wf\ (mult1\ r)$ 
by (rule acc-wfI) (rule all-accessible)

theorem wf-mult:  $wf\ r \implies wf\ (mult\ r)$ 
unfolding mult-def by (rule wf-trancl) (rule wf-mult1)

```

1.4.2 Closure-free presentation

```

lemma diff-union-single-conv:  $a : \# J \implies I + J - \{\#a\# \} = I + (J - \{\#a\# \})$ 
by (simp add: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq)

```

One direction.

```

lemma mult-implies-one-step:
  trans  $r \implies (M, N) \in mult\ r \implies$ 
     $\exists I\ J\ K. N = I + J \wedge M = I + K \wedge J \neq \{\#\} \wedge$ 
     $(\forall k \in set-of\ K. \exists j \in set-of\ J. (k, j) \in r)$ 
apply (unfold mult-def mult1-def set-of-def)
apply (erule converse-trancl-induct, clarify)
apply (rule-tac  $x = M0$  in exI, simp, clarify)
apply (case-tac  $a : \# K$ )
apply (rule-tac  $x = I$  in exI)
apply (simp (no-asm))
apply (rule-tac  $x = (K - \{\#a\# \}) + Ka$  in exI)
apply (simp (no-asm-simp) add: union-assoc [symmetric])

```

```

apply (drule-tac  $f = \lambda M. M - \{\#a\# \}$  in arg-cong)
apply (simp add: diff-union-single-conv)
apply (simp (no-asm-use) add: trans-def)
apply blast
apply (subgoal-tac  $a : \# I$ )
apply (rule-tac  $x = I - \{\#a\# \}$  in exI)
apply (rule-tac  $x = J + \{\#a\# \}$  in exI)
apply (rule-tac  $x = K + Ka$  in exI)
apply (rule conjI)
apply (simp add: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq split: nat-diff-split)
apply (rule conjI)
apply (drule-tac  $f = \lambda M. M - \{\#a\# \}$  in arg-cong, simp)
apply (simp add: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq split: nat-diff-split)
apply (simp (no-asm-use) add: trans-def)
apply blast
apply (subgoal-tac  $a : \# (M0 + \{\#a\# \})$ )
apply simp
apply (simp (no-asm))
done

```

lemma *elem-imp-eq-diff-union*: $a : \# M \implies M = M - \{\#a\# \} + \{\#a\# \}$
by (*simp add: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq*)

lemma *size-eq-Suc-imp-eq-union*: $\text{size } M = \text{Suc } n \implies \exists a N. M = N + \{\#a\# \}$
apply (*erule size-eq-Suc-imp-elem [THEN exE]*)
apply (*drule elem-imp-eq-diff-union, auto*)
done

lemma *one-step-implies-mult-aux*:
 $\text{trans } r \implies$
 $\forall I J K. (\text{size } J = n \wedge J \neq \{\#\} \wedge (\forall k \in \text{set-of } K. \exists j \in \text{set-of } J. (k, j) \in r))$
 $\longrightarrow (I + K, I + J) \in \text{mult } r$
apply (*induct-tac n, auto*)
apply (*frule size-eq-Suc-imp-eq-union, clarify*)
apply (*rename-tac J', simp*)
apply (*erule notE, auto*)
apply (*case-tac J' = \{\#\}*)
apply (*simp add: mult-def*)
apply (*rule r-into-trancl*)
apply (*simp add: mult1-def set-of-def, blast*)

Now we know $J' \neq \{\#\}$.

```

apply (cut-tac  $M = K$  and  $P = \lambda x. (x, a) \in r$  in multiset-partition)
apply (erule-tac  $P = \forall k \in \text{set-of } K. ?P k$  in rev-mp)
apply (erule ssubst)
apply (simp add: Ball-def, auto)
apply (subgoal-tac
  ( $(I + \{\# x : \# K. (x, a) \in r \# \}) + \{\# x : \# K. (x, a) \notin r \# \},$ 
  ( $I + \{\# x : \# K. (x, a) \in r \# \}) + J' \in \text{mult } r$ )

```

```

prefer 2
apply force
apply (simp (no-asm-use) add: union-assoc [symmetric] mult-def)
apply (erule trancl-trans)
apply (rule r-into-trancl)
apply (simp add: mult1-def set-of-def)
apply (rule-tac x = a in exI)
apply (rule-tac x = I + J' in exI)
apply (simp add: union-ac)
done

```

```

lemma one-step-implies-mult:
  trans r ==> J ≠ {#} ==> ∀ k ∈ set-of K. ∃ j ∈ set-of J. (k, j) ∈ r
  ==> (I + K, I + J) ∈ mult r
using one-step-implies-mult-aux by blast

```

1.4.3 Partial-order properties

```

instantiation multiset :: (order) order
begin

```

```

definition less-multiset-def [code del]:
  M' < M ⟷ (M', M) ∈ mult {(x', x). x' < x}

```

```

definition le-multiset-def [code del]:
  M' <= M ⟷ M' = M ∨ M' < (M::'a multiset)

```

```

lemma trans-base-order: trans {(x', x). x' < (x::'a::order)}
unfolding trans-def by (blast intro: order-less-trans)

```

Irreflexivity.

```

lemma mult-irrefl-aux:
  finite A ==> (∀ x ∈ A. ∃ y ∈ A. x < (y::'a::order)) ⟹ A = {}
by (induct rule: finite-induct) (auto intro: order-less-trans)

```

```

lemma mult-less-not-refl: ¬ M < (M::'a::order multiset)
apply (unfold less-multiset-def, auto)
apply (drule trans-base-order [THEN mult-implies-one-step], auto)
apply (drule finite-set-of [THEN mult-irrefl-aux [rule-format (no-asm)]]])
apply (simp add: set-of-eq-empty-iff)
done

```

```

lemma mult-less-irrefl [elim!]: M < (M::'a::order multiset) ==> R
using insert mult-less-not-refl by fast

```

Transitivity.

```

theorem mult-less-trans: K < M ==> M < N ==> K < (N::'a::order multiset)
unfolding less-multiset-def mult-def by (blast intro: trancl-trans)

```

Asymmetry.

```

theorem mult-less-not-sym:  $M < N \implies \neg N < (M::'a::\text{order multiset})$ 
apply auto
apply (rule mult-less-not-refl [THEN notE])
apply (erule mult-less-trans, assumption)
done

```

```

theorem mult-less-asy:
   $M < N \implies (\neg P \implies N < (M::'a::\text{order multiset})) \implies P$ 
using mult-less-not-sym by blast

```

```

theorem mult-le-refl [iff]:  $M \leq (M::'a::\text{order multiset})$ 
unfolding le-multiset-def by auto

```

Anti-symmetry.

```

theorem mult-le-antisym:
   $M \leq N \implies N \leq M \implies M = (N::'a::\text{order multiset})$ 
unfolding le-multiset-def by (blast dest: mult-less-not-sym)

```

Transitivity.

```

theorem mult-le-trans:
   $K \leq M \implies M \leq N \implies K \leq (N::'a::\text{order multiset})$ 
unfolding le-multiset-def by (blast intro: mult-less-trans)

```

```

theorem mult-less-le:  $(M < N) = (M \leq N \wedge M \neq (N::'a::\text{order multiset}))$ 
unfolding le-multiset-def by auto

```

instance proof

```

qed (auto simp add: mult-less-le dest: mult-le-antisym elim: mult-le-trans)

```

end

1.4.4 Monotonicity of multiset union

lemma *mult1-union*:

```

   $(B, D) \in \text{mult1 } r \implies \text{trans } r \implies (C + B, C + D) \in \text{mult1 } r$ 
apply (unfold mult1-def)
apply auto
apply (rule-tac x = a in exI)
apply (rule-tac x = C + M0 in exI)
apply (simp add: union-assoc)
done

```

```

lemma union-less-mono2:  $B < D \implies C + B < C + (D::'a::\text{order multiset})$ 
apply (unfold less-multiset-def mult-def)
apply (erule trancl-induct)
  apply (blast intro: mult1-union transI order-less-trans r-into-trancl)
apply (blast intro: mult1-union transI order-less-trans r-into-trancl trancl-trans)
done

```



```

lemma union-less-mono1:  $B < D \implies B + C < D + (C::'a::\text{order multiset})$ 
apply (subst union-commute [of B C])
apply (subst union-commute [of D C])
apply (erule union-less-mono2)
done

```

```

lemma union-less-mono:
   $A < C \implies B < D \implies A + B < C + (D::'a::\text{order multiset})$ 
by (blast intro!: union-less-mono1 union-less-mono2 mult-less-trans)

```

```

lemma union-le-mono:
   $A \leq C \implies B \leq D \implies A + B \leq C + (D::'a::\text{order multiset})$ 
unfolding le-multiset-def
by (blast intro: union-less-mono union-less-mono1 union-less-mono2)

```

```

lemma empty-leI [iff]:  $\{\#\} \leq (M::'a::\text{order multiset})$ 
apply (unfold le-multiset-def less-multiset-def)
apply (case-tac  $M = \{\#\}$ )
prefer 2
apply (subgoal-tac ( $\{\#\} + \{\#\}, \{\#\} + M \in \text{mult } (\text{Collect } (\text{split op } <)))$ )
prefer 2
apply (rule one-step-implies-mult)
apply (simp only: trans-def)
apply auto
done

```

```

lemma union-upper1:  $A \leq A + (B::'a::\text{order multiset})$ 
proof -
  have  $A + \{\#\} \leq A + B$  by (blast intro: union-le-mono)
  then show ?thesis by simp
qed

```

```

lemma union-upper2:  $B \leq A + (B::'a::\text{order multiset})$ 
by (subst union-commute) (rule union-upper1)

```

```

instance multiset :: (order) pordered-ab-semigroup-add
apply intro-classes
apply (erule union-le-mono[OF mult-le-refl])
done

```

1.5 Link with lists

```

primrec multiset-of :: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a multiset where
  multiset-of [] =  $\{\#\}$  |
  multiset-of (a # x) = multiset-of x +  $\{\# a \#\}$ 

```

```

lemma multiset-of-zero-iff[simp]:  $(\text{multiset-of } x = \{\#\}) = (x = [])$ 
by (induct x) auto

```

lemma *multiset-of-zero-iff-right*[simp]: $(\{\#\} = \text{multiset-of } x) = (x = [])$
by (induct x) auto

lemma *set-of-multiset-of*[simp]: $\text{set-of}(\text{multiset-of } x) = \text{set } x$
by (induct x) auto

lemma *mem-set-multiset-eq*: $x \in \text{set } xs = (x : \# \text{ multiset-of } xs)$
by (induct xs) auto

lemma *multiset-of-append* [simp]:
 $\text{multiset-of } (xs @ ys) = \text{multiset-of } xs + \text{multiset-of } ys$
by (induct xs arbitrary: ys) (auto simp: union-ac)

lemma *surj-multiset-of*: *surj multiset-of*
apply (unfold surj-def)
apply (rule allI)
apply (rule-tac $M = y$ **in** multiset-induct)
apply auto
apply (rule-tac $x = x \# xa$ **in** exI)
apply auto
done

lemma *set-count-greater-0*: $\text{set } x = \{a. \text{count } (\text{multiset-of } x) \ a > 0\}$
by (induct x) auto

lemma *distinct-count-atmost-1*:
 $\text{distinct } x = (! a. \text{count } (\text{multiset-of } x) \ a = (\text{if } a \in \text{set } x \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0))$
apply (induct x, simp, rule iffI, simp-all)
apply (rule conjI)
apply (simp-all add: set-of-multiset-of [THEN sym] del: set-of-multiset-of)
apply (erule-tac $x = a$ **in** allE, simp, clarify)
apply (erule-tac $x = aa$ **in** allE, simp)
done

lemma *multiset-of-eq-setD*:
 $\text{multiset-of } xs = \text{multiset-of } ys \implies \text{set } xs = \text{set } ys$
by (rule) (auto simp add: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq set-count-greater-0)

lemma *set-eq-iff-multiset-of-eq-distinct*:
 $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y \implies$
 $(\text{set } x = \text{set } y) = (\text{multiset-of } x = \text{multiset-of } y)$
by (auto simp: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq distinct-count-atmost-1)

lemma *set-eq-iff-multiset-of-remdups-eq*:
 $(\text{set } x = \text{set } y) = (\text{multiset-of } (\text{remdups } x) = \text{multiset-of } (\text{remdups } y))$
apply (rule iffI)
apply (simp add: set-eq-iff-multiset-of-eq-distinct [THEN iffD1])
apply (drule distinct-remdups [THEN distinct-remdups])

```

    [THEN set-eq-iff-multiset-of-eq-distinct [THEN iffD2]]])
  apply simp
done

lemma multiset-of-compl-union [simp]:
  multiset-of [x ← xs. P x] + multiset-of [x ← xs. ¬P x] = multiset-of xs
by (induct xs) (auto simp: union-ac)

lemma count-filter:
  count (multiset-of xs) x = length [y ← xs. y = x]
by (induct xs) auto

lemma nth-mem-multiset-of: i < length ls ⇒ (ls ! i) :# multiset-of ls
apply (induct ls arbitrary: i)
  apply simp
  apply (case-tac i)
  apply auto
done

lemma multiset-of-remove1: multiset-of (remove1 a xs) = multiset-of xs - {#a#}
by (induct xs) (auto simp add: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq)

lemma multiset-of-eq-length:
  assumes multiset-of xs = multiset-of ys
  shows length xs = length ys
  using assms
  proof (induct arbitrary: ys rule: length-induct)
    case (1 xs ys)
    show ?case
    proof (cases xs)
      case Nil with 1.prem show ?thesis by simp
    next
      case (Cons x xs')
      note xCons = Cons
      show ?thesis
      proof (cases ys)
        case Nil
        with 1.prem Cons show ?thesis by simp
      next
        case (Cons y ys')
        have x-in-ys: x = y ∨ x ∈ set ys'
        proof (cases x = y)
          case True then show ?thesis ..
        next
          case False
          from 1.prem [symmetric] xCons Cons have x :# multiset-of ys' + {#y#}
        by simp
        with False show ?thesis by (simp add: mem-set-multiset-eq)
      qed
    qed
  qed

```

```

from 1.hyps have IH: length xs' < length xs  $\longrightarrow$ 
  ( $\forall x. \text{multiset-of } xs' = \text{multiset-of } x \longrightarrow \text{length } xs' = \text{length } x$ ) by blast
from 1.prem1 x-in-ys Cons xCons have multiset-of xs' = multiset-of (remove1
x (y#ys'))
  apply -
  apply (simp add: multiset-of-remove1, simp only: add-eq-conv-diff)
  apply fastsimp
  done
with IH xCons have IH': length xs' = length (remove1 x (y#ys')) by fastsimp
from x-in-ys have x  $\neq$  y  $\implies$  length ys' > 0 by auto
with Cons xCons x-in-ys IH' show ?thesis by (auto simp add: length-remove1)
qed
qed
qed

```

This lemma shows which properties suffice to show that a function f with $f\ xs = ys$ behaves like sort.

```

lemma properties-for-sort:
  multiset-of ys = multiset-of xs  $\implies$  sorted ys  $\implies$  sort xs = ys
proof (induct xs arbitrary: ys)
  case Nil then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons x xs)
  then have x  $\in$  set ys
    by (auto simp add: mem-set-multiset-eq intro!: ccontr)
  with Cons.prem1 Cons.hyps [of remove1 x ys] show ?case
    by (simp add: sorted-remove1 multiset-of-remove1 insort-remove1)
qed

```

1.6 Pointwise ordering induced by count

definition mset-le :: 'a multiset \Rightarrow 'a multiset \Rightarrow bool (infix $\leq\#$ 50) **where**
 [code del]: $A \leq\# B \longleftrightarrow (\forall a. \text{count } A\ a \leq \text{count } B\ a)$

definition mset-less :: 'a multiset \Rightarrow 'a multiset \Rightarrow bool (infix $<\#$ 50) **where**
 [code del]: $A <\# B \longleftrightarrow A \leq\# B \wedge A \neq B$

notation mset-le (infix $\subseteq\#$ 50)
notation mset-less (infix $\subset\#$ 50)

lemma mset-le-refl[simp]: $A \leq\# A$
unfolding mset-le-def **by** auto

lemma mset-le-trans: $A \leq\# B \implies B \leq\# C \implies A \leq\# C$
unfolding mset-le-def **by** (fast intro: order-trans)

lemma mset-le-antisym: $A \leq\# B \implies B \leq\# A \implies A = B$
apply (unfold mset-le-def)
apply (rule multiset-eq-conv-count-eq [THEN iffD2])

apply (*blast intro: order-antisym*)
done

lemma *mset-le-exists-conv*: $(A \leq\# B) = (\exists C. B = A + C)$
apply (*unfold mset-le-def, rule iffI, rule-tac x = B - A in exI*)
apply (*auto intro: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq [THEN iffD2]*)
done

lemma *mset-le-mono-add-right-cancel[simp]*: $(A + C \leq\# B + C) = (A \leq\# B)$
unfolding *mset-le-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *mset-le-mono-add-left-cancel[simp]*: $(C + A \leq\# C + B) = (A \leq\# B)$
unfolding *mset-le-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *mset-le-mono-add*: $\llbracket A \leq\# B; C \leq\# D \rrbracket \implies A + C \leq\# B + D$
apply (*unfold mset-le-def*)
apply *auto*
apply (*erule-tac x = a in allE*)+
apply *auto*
done

lemma *mset-le-add-left[simp]*: $A \leq\# A + B$
unfolding *mset-le-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *mset-le-add-right[simp]*: $B \leq\# A + B$
unfolding *mset-le-def* **by** *auto*

lemma *mset-le-single*: $a : \# B \implies \{\#a\# \} \leq\# B$
by (*simp add: mset-le-def*)

lemma *multiset-diff-union-assoc*: $C \leq\# B \implies A + B - C = A + (B - C)$
by (*simp add: multiset-eq-conv-count-eq mset-le-def*)

lemma *mset-le-multiset-union-diff-commute*:
assumes $B \leq\# A$
shows $A - B + C = A + C - B$
proof –
from *mset-le-exists-conv* [*of B A*] *assms* **have** $\exists D. A = B + D$..
from *this* **obtain** *D* **where** $A = B + D$..
then show *?thesis*
apply *simp*
apply (*subst union-commute*)
apply (*subst multiset-diff-union-assoc*)
apply *simp*
apply (*simp add: diff-cancel*)
apply (*subst union-assoc*)
apply (*subst union-commute* [*of B -*])
apply (*subst multiset-diff-union-assoc*)
apply *simp*

```

    apply (simp add: diff-cancel)
  done
qed

```

```

lemma multiset-of-remdups-le: multiset-of (remdups xs) ≤# multiset-of xs
apply (induct xs)
  apply auto
  apply (rule mset-le-trans)
  apply auto
done

```

```

lemma multiset-of-update:
  i < length ls ⇒ multiset-of (ls[i := v]) = multiset-of ls - {#ls ! i#} + {#v#}
proof (induct ls arbitrary: i)
  case Nil then show ?case by simp
next
  case (Cons x xs)
  show ?case
  proof (cases i)
    case 0 then show ?thesis by simp
  next
    case (Suc i')
    with Cons show ?thesis
    apply simp
    apply (subst union-assoc)
    apply (subst union-commute [where M = {#v#} and N = {#x#}])
    apply (subst union-assoc [symmetric])
    apply simp
    apply (rule mset-le-multiset-union-diff-commute)
    apply (simp add: mset-le-single nth-mem-multiset-of)
  done
qed
qed

```

```

lemma multiset-of-swap:
  i < length ls ⇒ j < length ls ⇒
    multiset-of (ls[j := ls ! i, i := ls ! j]) = multiset-of ls
apply (case-tac i = j)
  apply simp
  apply (simp add: multiset-of-update)
  apply (subst elem-imp-eq-diff-union[symmetric])
  apply (simp add: nth-mem-multiset-of)
  apply simp
done

```

```

interpretation mset-order: order op ≤# op <#
proof qed (auto intro: order.intro mset-le-refl mset-le-antisym
  mset-le-trans simp: mset-less-def)

```

interpretation *mset-order-cancel-semigroup*:
 $pordered-cancel-ab-semigroup-add\ op + op \leq\# op <\#$
proof qed (*erule mset-le-mono-add [OF mset-le-refl]*)

interpretation *mset-order-semigroup-cancel*:
 $pordered-ab-semigroup-add-imp-le\ op + op \leq\# op <\#$
proof qed *simp*

lemma *mset-lessD*: $A \subset\# B \implies x \in\# A \implies x \in\# B$
apply (*clarsimp simp: mset-le-def mset-less-def*)
apply (*erule-tac x=x in allE*)
apply *auto*
done

lemma *mset-leD*: $A \subseteq\# B \implies x \in\# A \implies x \in\# B$
apply (*clarsimp simp: mset-le-def mset-less-def*)
apply (*erule-tac x = x in allE*)
apply *auto*
done

lemma *mset-less-insertD*: $(A + \{\#x\} \subset\# B) \implies (x \in\# B \wedge A \subset\# B)$
apply (*rule conjI*)
apply (*simp add: mset-lessD*)
apply (*clarsimp simp: mset-le-def mset-less-def*)
apply *safe*
apply (*erule-tac x = a in allE*)
apply (*auto split: split-if-asm*)
done

lemma *mset-le-insertD*: $(A + \{\#x\} \subseteq\# B) \implies (x \in\# B \wedge A \subseteq\# B)$
apply (*rule conjI*)
apply (*simp add: mset-leD*)
apply (*force simp: mset-le-def mset-less-def split: split-if-asm*)
done

lemma *mset-less-of-empty[simp]*: $A \subset\# \{\#\} = False$
by (*induct A (auto simp: mset-le-def mset-less-def)*)

lemma *multi-psub-of-add-self[simp]*: $A \subset\# A + \{\#x\}$
by (*auto simp: mset-le-def mset-less-def*)

lemma *multi-psub-self[simp]*: $A \subset\# A = False$
by (*auto simp: mset-le-def mset-less-def*)

lemma *mset-less-add-bothsides*:
 $T + \{\#x\} \subset\# S + \{\#x\} \implies T \subset\# S$
by (*auto simp: mset-le-def mset-less-def*)

lemma *mset-less-empty-nonempty*: $(\{\#\} \subset\# S) = (S \neq \{\#\})$
by (*auto simp: mset-le-def mset-less-def*)

lemma *mset-less-size*: $A \subset\# B \implies \text{size } A < \text{size } B$
proof (*induct A arbitrary: B*)
 case (*empty M*)
 then have $M \neq \{\#\}$ **by** (*simp add: mset-less-empty-nonempty*)
 then obtain $M' x$ **where** $M = M' + \{\#x\#$
 by (*blast dest: multi-nonempty-split*)
 then show *?case* **by** *simp*
next
 case (*add S x T*)
 have $IH: \bigwedge B. S \subset\# B \implies \text{size } S < \text{size } B$ **by** *fact*
 have $SxsubT: S + \{\#x\# \subset\# T$ **by** *fact*
 then have $x \in\# T$ **and** $S \subset\# T$ **by** (*auto dest: mset-less-insertD*)
 then obtain T' **where** $T: T = T' + \{\#x\#$
 by (*blast dest: multi-member-split*)
 then have $S \subset\# T'$ **using** $SxsubT$
 by (*blast intro: mset-less-add-bothsides*)
 then have $\text{size } S < \text{size } T'$ **using** IH **by** *simp*
 then show *?case* **using** T **by** *simp*
qed

lemmas *mset-less-trans* = *mset-order.less-trans*

lemma *mset-less-diff-self*: $c \in\# B \implies B - \{\#c\# \subset\# B$
by (*auto simp: mset-le-def mset-less-def multi-drop-mem-not-eq*)

1.7 Strong induction and subset induction for multisets

Well-foundedness of proper subset operator:

proper multiset subset

definition

mset-less-rel :: $('a \text{ multiset} * 'a \text{ multiset}) \text{ set}$ **where**
mset-less-rel = $\{(A, B). A \subset\# B\}$

lemma *multiset-add-sub-el-shuffle*:

assumes $c \in\# B$ **and** $b \neq c$
 shows $B - \{\#c\# + \{\#b\# = B + \{\#b\# - \{\#c\#$
proof –
 from $\langle c \in\# B \rangle$ **obtain** A **where** $B: B = A + \{\#c\#$
 by (*blast dest: multi-member-split*)
 have $A + \{\#b\# = A + \{\#b\# + \{\#c\# - \{\#c\#$ **by** *simp*
 then have $A + \{\#b\# = A + \{\#c\# + \{\#b\# - \{\#c\#$
 by (*simp add: union-ac*)
 then show *?thesis* **using** B **by** *simp*
qed


```

lemma wf-mset-less-rel: wf mset-less-rel
apply (unfold mset-less-rel-def)
apply (rule wf-measure [THEN wf-subset, where f1=size])
apply (clarsimp simp: measure-def inv-image-def mset-less-size)
done

```

The induction rules:

```

lemma full-multiset-induct [case-names less]:
assumes ih:  $\bigwedge B. \forall A. A \subseteq\# B \longrightarrow P A \Longrightarrow P B$ 
shows  $P B$ 
apply (rule wf-mset-less-rel [THEN wf-induct])
apply (rule ih, auto simp: mset-less-rel-def)
done

```

```

lemma multi-subset-induct [consumes 2, case-names empty add]:
assumes  $F \subseteq\# A$ 
  and empty:  $P \{\#\}$ 
  and insert:  $\bigwedge a F. a \in\# A \Longrightarrow P F \Longrightarrow P (F + \{\#a\#\})$ 
shows  $P F$ 
proof -
  from  $\langle F \subseteq\# A \rangle$ 
  show ?thesis
  proof (induct F)
    show  $P \{\#\}$  by fact
  next
    fix  $x F$ 
    assume  $P: F \subseteq\# A \Longrightarrow P F$  and  $i: F + \{\#x\#\} \subseteq\# A$ 
    show  $P (F + \{\#x\#\})$ 
    proof (rule insert)
      from  $i$  show  $x \in\# A$  by (auto dest: mset-le-insertD)
      from  $i$  have  $F \subseteq\# A$  by (auto dest: mset-le-insertD)
      with  $P$  show  $P F$  .
    qed
  qed
qed

```

A consequence: Extensionality.

```

lemma multi-count-eq:  $(\forall x. \text{count } A \ x = \text{count } B \ x) = (A = B)$ 
apply (rule iffI)
prefer 2
apply clarsimp
apply (induct A arbitrary: B rule: full-multiset-induct)
apply (rename-tac C)
apply (case-tac B rule: multiset-cases)
  apply (simp add: empty-multiset-count)
apply simp
apply (case-tac  $x \in\# C$ )
  apply (force dest: multi-member-split)
apply (erule-tac  $x = x$  in allE)

```

apply *simp*
done

lemmas *multi-count-ext* = *multi-count-eq* [*THEN iffD1, rule-format*]

1.8 The fold combinator

The intended behaviour is $\text{fold-mset } f \ z \ \{\#x_1, \dots, x_n\} = f \ x_1 \ (\dots (f \ x_n \ z) \dots)$ if f is associative-commutative.

The graph of *fold-mset*, z : the start element, f : folding function, A : the multiset, y : the result.

inductive

fold-msetG :: ($'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'a \text{ multiset} \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}$)
for $f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b$
and $z :: 'b$

where

emptyI [*intro*]: *fold-msetG* $f \ z \ \{\#\} \ z$
| *insertI* [*intro*]: *fold-msetG* $f \ z \ A \ y \Longrightarrow \text{fold-msetG } f \ z \ (A + \{\#x\# \}) \ (f \ x \ y)$

inductive-cases *empty-fold-msetGE* [*elim!*]: *fold-msetG* $f \ z \ \{\#\} \ x$

inductive-cases *insert-fold-msetGE*: *fold-msetG* $f \ z \ (A + \{\#\}) \ y$

definition

fold-mset :: ($'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'a \text{ multiset} \Rightarrow 'b$) **where**
fold-mset $f \ z \ A = (\text{THE } x. \text{fold-msetG } f \ z \ A \ x)$

lemma *Diff1-fold-msetG*:

fold-msetG $f \ z \ (A - \{\#x\# \}) \ y \Longrightarrow x \in \# \ A \Longrightarrow \text{fold-msetG } f \ z \ A \ (f \ x \ y)$
apply (*frule-tac* $x = x$ **in** *fold-msetG.insertI*)
apply *auto*
done

lemma *fold-msetG-nonempty*: $\exists x. \text{fold-msetG } f \ z \ A \ x$

apply (*induct* A)
apply *blast*
apply *clarsimp*
apply (*drule-tac* $x = x$ **in** *fold-msetG.insertI*)
apply *auto*
done

lemma *fold-mset-empty*[*simp*]: *fold-mset* $f \ z \ \{\#\} = z$
unfolding *fold-mset-def* **by** *blast*

locale *left-commutative* =
fixes $f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b$
assumes *left-commute*: $f \ x \ (f \ y \ z) = f \ y \ (f \ x \ z)$
begin

lemma *fold-msetG-determ*:

$fold\text{-}msetG\ f\ z\ A\ x \implies fold\text{-}msetG\ f\ z\ A\ y \implies y = x$

proof (*induct arbitrary: x y z rule: full-multiset-induct*)

case (*less M x₁ x₂ Z*)

have *IH*: $\forall A. A \subset\# M \longrightarrow$
 $(\forall x\ x'\ x''. fold\text{-}msetG\ f\ x''\ A\ x \longrightarrow fold\text{-}msetG\ f\ x''\ A\ x'$
 $\longrightarrow x' = x)$ **by** *fact*

have *Mfoldx₁*: $fold\text{-}msetG\ f\ Z\ M\ x_1$ **and** *Mfoldx₂*: $fold\text{-}msetG\ f\ Z\ M\ x_2$ **by** *fact+*

show *?case*

proof (*rule fold-msetG.cases [OF Mfoldx₁]*)

assume $M = \{\#\}$ **and** $x_1 = Z$

then show *?case* **using** *Mfoldx₂* **by** *auto*

next

fix $B\ b\ u$

assume $M = B + \{\#b\#\}$ **and** $x_1 = f\ b\ u$ **and** *Bu*: $fold\text{-}msetG\ f\ Z\ B\ u$

then have *MBb*: $M = B + \{\#b\#\}$ **and** $x_1: x_1 = f\ b\ u$ **by** *auto*

show *?case*

proof (*rule fold-msetG.cases [OF Mfoldx₂]*)

assume $M = \{\#\}$ $x_2 = Z$

then show *?case* **using** *Mfoldx₁* **by** *auto*

next

fix $C\ c\ v$

assume $M = C + \{\#c\#\}$ **and** $x_2 = f\ c\ v$ **and** *Cv*: $fold\text{-}msetG\ f\ Z\ C\ v$

then have *MCc*: $M = C + \{\#c\#\}$ **and** $x_2: x_2 = f\ c\ v$ **by** *auto*

then have *CsubM*: $C \subset\# M$ **by** *simp*

from *MBb* **have** *BsubM*: $B \subset\# M$ **by** *simp*

show *?case*

proof *cases*

assume $b=c$

then moreover have $B = C$ **using** *MBb MCc* **by** *auto*

ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *Bu Cv x₁ x₂ CsubM IH* **by** *auto*

next

assume *diff*: $b \neq c$

let *?D* = $B - \{\#c\#\}$

have *cinB*: $c \in\# B$ **and** *binC*: $b \in\# C$ **using** *MBb MCc diff*
by (*auto intro: insert-noteq-member dest: sym*)

have $B - \{\#c\#\} \subset\# B$ **using** *cinB* **by** (*rule mset-less-diff-self*)

then have *DsubM*: $?D \subset\# M$ **using** *BsubM* **by** (*blast intro: mset-less-trans*)

from *MBb MCc* **have** $B + \{\#b\#\} = C + \{\#c\#\}$ **by** *blast*

then have [*simp*]: $B + \{\#b\#\} - \{\#c\#\} = C$
using *MBb MCc binC cinB* **by** *auto*

have $B: B = ?D + \{\#c\#\}$ **and** $C: C = ?D + \{\#b\#\}$
using *MBb MCc diff binC cinB*
by (*auto simp: multiset-add-sub-el-shuffle*)

then obtain d **where** *Dfoldd*: $fold\text{-}msetG\ f\ Z\ ?D\ d$
using *fold-msetG-nonempty* **by** *iprover*

then have $fold\text{-}msetG\ f\ Z\ B\ (f\ c\ d)$ **using** *cinB*
by (*rule Diff1-fold-msetG*)

then have $f\ c\ d = u$ **using** *IH BsubM Bu* **by** *blast*

```

moreover
have fold-msetG f Z C (f b d) using binC cinB diff Dfoldd
  by (auto simp: multiset-add-sub-el-shuffle
    dest: fold-msetG.insertI [where x=b])
then have f b d = v using IH CsubM Cv by blast
ultimately show ?thesis using x1 x2
  by (auto simp: left-commute)
qed
qed
qed
qed

lemma fold-mset-insert-aux:
  (fold-msetG f z (A + {#x#}) v) =
    ( $\exists y. \text{fold-msetG } f \text{ z } A \ y \wedge v = f \ x \ y$ )
apply (rule iffI)
prefer 2
apply blast
apply (rule-tac A=A and f=f in fold-msetG-nonempty [THEN exE, standard])
apply (blast intro: fold-msetG-determ)
done

lemma fold-mset-equality: fold-msetG f z A y  $\implies$  fold-mset f z A = y
unfolding fold-mset-def by (blast intro: fold-msetG-determ)

lemma fold-mset-insert:
  fold-mset f z (A + {#x#}) = f x (fold-mset f z A)
apply (simp add: fold-mset-def fold-mset-insert-aux union-commute)
apply (rule the-equality)
apply (auto cong add: conj-cong
  simp add: fold-mset-def [symmetric] fold-mset-equality fold-msetG-nonempty)
done

lemma fold-mset-insert-idem:
  fold-mset f z (A + {#a#}) = f a (fold-mset f z A)
apply (simp add: fold-mset-def fold-mset-insert-aux)
apply (rule the-equality)
apply (auto cong add: conj-cong
  simp add: fold-mset-def [symmetric] fold-mset-equality fold-msetG-nonempty)
done

lemma fold-mset-commute: f x (fold-mset f z A) = fold-mset f (f x z) A
by (induct A (auto simp: fold-mset-insert left-commute [of x]))

lemma fold-mset-single [simp]: fold-mset f z {#x#} = f x z
using fold-mset-insert [of z {#}] by simp

lemma fold-mset-union [simp]:
  fold-mset f z (A+B) = fold-mset f (fold-mset f z A) B

```

```

proof (induct A)
  case empty then show ?case by simp
next
  case (add A x)
  have  $A + \{\#x\} + B = (A+B) + \{\#x\}$  by (simp add: union-ac)
  then have  $\text{fold-mset } f \ z \ (A + \{\#x\} + B) = f \ x \ (\text{fold-mset } f \ z \ (A + B))$ 
    by (simp add: fold-mset-insert)
  also have  $\dots = \text{fold-mset } f \ (\text{fold-mset } f \ z \ (A + \{\#x\})) \ B$ 
    by (simp add: fold-mset-commute[of x, symmetric] add fold-mset-insert)
  finally show ?case .
qed

lemma fold-mset-fusion:
  assumes left-commutative g
  shows  $(\bigwedge x \ y. \ h \ (g \ x \ y) = f \ x \ (h \ y)) \implies h \ (\text{fold-mset } g \ w \ A) = \text{fold-mset } f \ (h \ w) \ A$  (is PROP ?P)
proof -
  interpret left-commutative g by fact
  show PROP ?P by (induct A) auto
qed

lemma fold-mset-rec:
  assumes  $a \in \# \ A$ 
  shows  $\text{fold-mset } f \ z \ A = f \ a \ (\text{fold-mset } f \ z \ (A - \{\#a\}))$ 
proof -
  from assms obtain A' where  $A = A' + \{\#a\}$ 
    by (blast dest: multi-member-split)
  then show ?thesis by simp
qed

end

```

A note on code generation: When defining some function containing a sub-term *fold-mset F*, code generation is not automatic. When interpreting locale *left-commutative* with *F*, the would be code thms for *fold-mset* become thms like $\text{fold-mset } F \ z \ \{\#\} = z$ where *F* is not a pattern but contains defined symbols, i.e. is not a code thm. Hence a separate constant with its own code thms needs to be introduced for *F*. See the image operator below.

1.9 Image

definition [code del]:

$\text{image-mset } f = \text{fold-mset } (op + o \ \text{single } o \ f) \ \{\#\}$

interpretation image-left-comm: left-commutative op + o single o f

proof **qed** (simp add: union-ac)

lemma image-mset-empty [simp]: $\text{image-mset } f \ \{\#\} = \{\#\}$

by (simp add: image-mset-def)

lemma *image-mset-single* [simp]: $\text{image-mset } f \ \{\#x\# \} = \{\#f \ x\# \}$
by (simp add: image-mset-def)

lemma *image-mset-insert*:
 $\text{image-mset } f \ (M + \{\#a\# \}) = \text{image-mset } f \ M + \{\#f \ a\# \}$
by (simp add: image-mset-def add-ac)

lemma *image-mset-union* [simp]:
 $\text{image-mset } f \ (M+N) = \text{image-mset } f \ M + \text{image-mset } f \ N$
apply (induct N)
apply simp
apply (simp add: union-assoc [symmetric] image-mset-insert)
done

lemma *size-image-mset* [simp]: $\text{size } (\text{image-mset } f \ M) = \text{size } M$
by (induct M) simp-all

lemma *image-mset-is-empty-iff* [simp]: $\text{image-mset } f \ M = \{\#\} \longleftrightarrow M = \{\#\}$
by (cases M) auto

syntax
 $\text{comprehension1-mset} :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b \text{ multiset} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ multiset}$
 $((\{\#-/. \ - : \# \ -\#\}))$

translations
 $\{\#e. x:\#M\#\} == \text{CONST image-mset } (\%x. e) \ M$

syntax
 $\text{comprehension2-mset} :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'b \text{ multiset} \Rightarrow \text{bool} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ multiset}$
 $((\{\#-/. \mid \ - : \# \ -/. \ -\#\}))$

translations
 $\{\#e \mid x:\#M. P\#\} => \{\#e. x:\# \{\#x:\#M. P\#\}\#\}$

This allows to write not just filters like $\{\#x:\#M. x < c\#\}$ but also images like $\{\#x + x. x:\#M\#\}$ and $\{\#x+x \mid x:\#M. x < c\#\}$, where the latter is currently displayed as $\{\#x + x. x:\# \{\#x:\#M. x < c\#\}\#\}$.

1.10 Termination proofs with multiset orders

lemma *multi-member-skip*: $x \in \# \ XS \Longrightarrow x \in \# \ \{\#y\#\} + XS$
and *multi-member-this*: $x \in \# \ \{\#x\#\} + XS$
and *multi-member-last*: $x \in \# \ \{\#x\#\}$
by auto

definition *ms-strict* = *mult pair-less*

definition [code del]: *ms-weak* = *ms-strict* \cup *Id*

lemma *ms-reduction-pair*: *reduction-pair* (*ms-strict*, *ms-weak*)

unfolding *reduction-pair-def* *ms-strict-def* *ms-weak-def* *pair-less-def*

by (*auto intro: wf-mult1 wf-trancl simp: mult-def*)

lemma *smsI*:

(*set-of A, set-of B*) \in *max-strict* \implies (*Z + A, Z + B*) \in *ms-strict*

unfolding *ms-strict-def*

by (*rule one-step-implies-mult*) (*auto simp add: max-strict-def pair-less-def elim!: max-ext.cases*)

lemma *wmsI*:

(*set-of A, set-of B*) \in *max-strict* \vee *A = {#} \wedge B = {#}*

\implies (*Z + A, Z + B*) \in *ms-weak*

unfolding *ms-weak-def ms-strict-def*

by (*auto simp add: pair-less-def max-strict-def elim!: max-ext.cases intro: one-step-implies-mult*)

inductive *pw-leq*

where

pw-leq-empty: *pw-leq {#} {#}*

| *pw-leq-step*: $\llbracket (x, y) \in \text{pair-leq}; \text{pw-leq } X \ Y \rrbracket \implies \text{pw-leq } (\{ \#x\# \} + X) (\{ \#y\# \} + Y)$

lemma *pw-leq-lstep*:

(*x, y*) \in *pair-leq* \implies *pw-leq {#x#} {#y#}*

by (*drule pw-leq-step*) (*rule pw-leq-empty, simp*)

lemma *pw-leq-split*:

assumes *pw-leq X Y*

shows $\exists A \ B \ Z. X = A + Z \wedge Y = B + Z \wedge ((\text{set-of } A, \text{set-of } B) \in \text{max-strict} \vee (B = \{ \# \} \wedge A = \{ \# \}))$

using *assms*

proof (*induct*)

case *pw-leq-empty* **thus** *?case* **by** *auto*

next

case (*pw-leq-step x y X Y*)

then obtain *A B Z* **where**

[*simp*]: *X = A + Z Y = B + Z*

and $1[\text{simp}]: (\text{set-of } A, \text{set-of } B) \in \text{max-strict} \vee (B = \{ \# \} \wedge A = \{ \# \})$

by *auto*

from *pw-leq-step* **have** *x = y \vee (x, y) \in pair-less*

unfolding *pair-leq-def* **by** *auto*

thus *?case*

proof

assume [*simp*]: *x = y*

have

$\{ \#x\# \} + X = A + (\{ \#y\# \} + Z)$

$\wedge \{ \#y\# \} + Y = B + (\{ \#y\# \} + Z)$

$\wedge ((\text{set-of } A, \text{set-of } B) \in \text{max-strict} \vee (B = \{ \# \} \wedge A = \{ \# \}))$

by (*auto simp: add-ac*)

thus *?case* **by** (*intro exI*)

next

assume *A: (x, y) \in pair-less*

```

let ?A' = {#x#} + A and ?B' = {#y#} + B
have {#x#} + X = ?A' + Z
    {#y#} + Y = ?B' + Z
by (auto simp add: add-ac)
moreover have
    (set-of ?A', set-of ?B') ∈ max-strict
using 1 A unfolding max-strict-def
by (auto elim!: max-ext.cases)
ultimately show ?thesis by blast
qed
qed

lemma
  assumes pwleq: pw-leq Z Z'
  shows ms-strictI: (set-of A, set-of B) ∈ max-strict ⇒ (Z + A, Z' + B) ∈
ms-strict
  and ms-weakI1: (set-of A, set-of B) ∈ max-strict ⇒ (Z + A, Z' + B) ∈
ms-weak
  and ms-weakI2: (Z + {#}, Z' + {#}) ∈ ms-weak
proof -
  from pw-leq-split[OF pwleq]
  obtain A' B' Z''
  where [simp]: Z = A' + Z'' Z' = B' + Z''
  and mx-or-empty: (set-of A', set-of B') ∈ max-strict ∨ (A' = {#} ∧ B' = {#})
  by blast
  {
    assume max: (set-of A, set-of B) ∈ max-strict
    from mx-or-empty
    have (Z'' + (A + A'), Z'' + (B + B')) ∈ ms-strict
    proof
      assume max': (set-of A', set-of B') ∈ max-strict
      with max have (set-of (A + A'), set-of (B + B')) ∈ max-strict
      by (auto simp: max-strict-def intro: max-ext-additive)
      thus ?thesis by (rule smsI)
    next
      assume [simp]: A' = {#} ∧ B' = {#}
      show ?thesis by (rule smsI) (auto intro: max)
    qed
    thus (Z + A, Z' + B) ∈ ms-strict by (simp add: add-ac)
    thus (Z + A, Z' + B) ∈ ms-weak by (simp add: ms-weak-def)
  }
  from mx-or-empty
  have (Z'' + A', Z'' + B') ∈ ms-weak by (rule wmsI)
  thus (Z + {#}, Z' + {#}) ∈ ms-weak by (simp add: add-ac)
qed

lemma empty-idemp: {#} + x = x x + {#} = x
and nonempty-plus: {# x #} + rs ≠ {#}
and nonempty-single: {# x #} ≠ {#}

```


by *auto*

setup \ll

let

fun *msetT* *T* = *Type* (*Multiset.multiset*, [*T*]);

fun *mk-mset* *T* [] = *Const* (@{*const-name* *Mempty*}, *msetT* *T*)
 | *mk-mset* *T* [*x*] = *Const* (@{*const-name* *single*}, *T* \dashrightarrow *msetT* *T*) \$ *x*
 | *mk-mset* *T* (*x* :: *xs*) =
 Const (@{*const-name* *plus*}, *msetT* *T* \dashrightarrow *msetT* *T* \dashrightarrow *msetT* *T*) \$
 mk-mset *T* [*x*] \$ *mk-mset* *T* *xs*

fun *mset-member-tac* *m* *i* =

(*if* *m* <= 0 *then*
 rtac @{*thm* *multi-member-this*} *i* ORELSE *rtac* @{*thm* *multi-member-last*}

i

else

rtac @{*thm* *multi-member-skip*} *i* THEN *mset-member-tac* (*m* - 1) *i*)

val *mset-nonempty-tac* =

rtac @{*thm* *nonempty-plus*} ORELSE' *rtac* @{*thm* *nonempty-single*}

val *regroup-munion-conv* =

FundefLib.*regroup-conv* @{*const-name* *Multiset.Mempty*} @{*const-name* *plus*}
 (*map* (*fn* *t* => *t* *RS* *eq-reflection*) (@{*thms* *union-ac*} @ @{*thms* *empty-idemp*}))

fun *unfold-pwleq-tac* *i* =

(*rtac* @{*thm* *pw-leq-step*} *i* THEN (*fn* *st* => *unfold-pwleq-tac* (*i* + 1) *st*))
 ORELSE (*rtac* @{*thm* *pw-leq-lstep*} *i*)
 ORELSE (*rtac* @{*thm* *pw-leq-empty*} *i*)

val *set-of-simps* = [@{*thm* *set-of-empty*}, @{*thm* *set-of-single*}, @{*thm* *set-of-union*},
 @ @{*thm* *Un-insert-left*}, @ @{*thm* *Un-empty-left*}]

in

ScnpReconstruct.multiset-setup (*ScnpReconstruct.Multiset*

{

msetT=*msetT*, *mk-mset*=*mk-mset*, *mset-regroup-conv*=*regroup-munion-conv*,

mset-member-tac=*mset-member-tac*, *mset-nonempty-tac*=*mset-nonempty-tac*,

mset-pwleq-tac=*unfold-pwleq-tac*, *set-of-simps*=*set-of-simps*,

smsI'= @ @{*thm* *ms-strictI*}, *wmsI2*''= @ @{*thm* *ms-weakI2*}, *wmsI1*= @ @{*thm*

ms-weakI1},

reduction-pair= @ @{*thm* *ms-reduction-pair*}

})

end

\gg

end

```

theory LProd
imports Multiset
begin

inductive-set
  lprod :: ('a * 'a) set  $\Rightarrow$  ('a list * 'a list) set
  for R :: ('a * 'a) set
where
    lprod-single[intro!]:  $(a, b) \in R \implies ([a], [b]) \in \text{lprod } R$ 
  | lprod-list[intro!]:  $(ah @ at, bh @ bt) \in \text{lprod } R \implies (a, b) \in R \vee a = b \implies (ah @ a \# at,$ 
     $bh @ b \# bt) \in \text{lprod } R$ 

lemma  $(as, bs) \in \text{lprod } R \implies \text{length } as = \text{length } bs$ 
  apply (induct as bs rule: lprod.induct)
  apply auto
  done

lemma  $(as, bs) \in \text{lprod } R \implies 1 \leq \text{length } as \wedge 1 \leq \text{length } bs$ 
  apply (induct as bs rule: lprod.induct)
  apply auto
  done

lemma lprod-subset-elem:  $(as, bs) \in \text{lprod } S \implies S \subseteq R \implies (as, bs) \in \text{lprod } R$ 
  apply (induct as bs rule: lprod.induct)
  apply (auto)
  done

lemma lprod-subset:  $S \subseteq R \implies \text{lprod } S \subseteq \text{lprod } R$ 
  by (auto intro: lprod-subset-elem)

lemma lprod-implies-mult:  $(as, bs) \in \text{lprod } R \implies \text{trans } R \implies (\text{multiset-of } as,$ 
   $\text{multiset-of } bs) \in \text{mult } R$ 
proof (induct as bs rule: lprod.induct)
  case (lprod-single a b)
  note step = one-step-implies-mult[
    where  $r=R$  and  $I=\{\#\}$  and  $K=\{\#a\# \}$  and  $J=\{\#b\# \}$ , simplified]
  show ?case by (auto intro: lprod-single step)
next
  case (lprod-list ah at bh bt a b)
  from prems have transR:  $\text{trans } R$  by auto
  have as:  $\text{multiset-of } (ah @ a \# at) = \text{multiset-of } (ah @ at) + \{\#a\# \}$  (is - =
    ?ma + -)
  by (simp add: algebra-simps)
  have bs:  $\text{multiset-of } (bh @ b \# bt) = \text{multiset-of } (bh @ bt) + \{\#b\# \}$  (is - =
    ?mb + -)
  by (simp add: algebra-simps)
  from prems have (?ma, ?mb)  $\in \text{mult } R$ 
  by auto

```

```

with mult-implies-one-step[OF transR] have
   $\exists I J K. ?mb = I + J \wedge ?ma = I + K \wedge J \neq \{\#\} \wedge (\forall k \in \text{set-of } K. \exists j \in \text{set-of } J. (k, j) \in R)$ 
by blast
then obtain  $I J K$  where
  decomposed:  $?mb = I + J \wedge ?ma = I + K \wedge J \neq \{\#\} \wedge (\forall k \in \text{set-of } K. \exists j \in \text{set-of } J. (k, j) \in R)$ 
by blast
show ?case
proof (cases a = b)
  case True
  have  $((I + \{\#b\# \}) + K, (I + \{\#b\# \}) + J) \in \text{mult } R$ 
  apply (rule one-step-implies-mult[OF transR])
  apply (auto simp add: decomposed)
  done
then show ?thesis
  apply (simp only: as bs)
  apply (simp only: decomposed True)
  apply (simp add: algebra-simps)
  done
next
case False
from False lprod-list have False:  $(a, b) \in R$  by blast
have  $(I + (K + \{\#a\# \}), I + (J + \{\#b\# \})) \in \text{mult } R$ 
apply (rule one-step-implies-mult[OF transR])
apply (auto simp add: False decomposed)
done
then show ?thesis
  apply (simp only: as bs)
  apply (simp only: decomposed)
  apply (simp add: algebra-simps)
  done
qed
qed

lemma wf-lprod[recdef-wf, simp, intro]:
  assumes wf-R: wf  $R$ 
  shows wf (lprod  $R$ )
proof –
  have subset:  $\text{lprod } (R^+) \subseteq \text{inv-image } (\text{mult } (R^+)) \text{ multiset-of}$ 
  by (auto simp add: lprod-implies-mult trans-trancl)
  note lprodtrancl = wf-subset[OF wf-inv-image[where  $r = \text{mult } (R^+)$  and  $f = \text{multiset-of}$ ,
    OF wf-mult[OF wf-trancl[OF wf-R]]], OF subset]
  note lprod = wf-subset[OF lprodtrancl, where  $p = \text{lprod } R$ , OF lprod-subset, simplified]
  show ?thesis by (auto intro: lprod)
qed

```

constdefs

gprod-2-2 :: ('a * 'a) set \Rightarrow (('a * 'a) * ('a * 'a)) set
gprod-2-2 R \equiv { ((a,b), (c,d)) . (a = c \wedge (b,d) \in R) \vee (b = d \wedge (a,c) \in R) }
gprod-2-1 :: ('a * 'a) set \Rightarrow (('a * 'a) * ('a * 'a)) set
gprod-2-1 R \equiv { ((a,b), (c,d)) . (a = d \wedge (b,c) \in R) \vee (b = c \wedge (a,d) \in R) }

lemma *lprod-2-3*: (a, b) \in R \implies ([a, c], [b, c]) \in *lprod* R
by (auto intro: *lprod-list*[**where** a=c **and** b=c **and**
ah = [a] **and** at = [] **and** bh=[b] **and** bt=[], *simplified*])

lemma *lprod-2-4*: (a, b) \in R \implies ([c, a], [c, b]) \in *lprod* R
by (auto intro: *lprod-list*[**where** a=c **and** b=c **and**
ah = [] **and** at = [a] **and** bh=[] **and** bt=[b], *simplified*])

lemma *lprod-2-1*: (a, b) \in R \implies ([c, a], [b, c]) \in *lprod* R
by (auto intro: *lprod-list*[**where** a=c **and** b=c **and**
ah = [] **and** at = [a] **and** bh=[b] **and** bt=[], *simplified*])

lemma *lprod-2-2*: (a, b) \in R \implies ([a, c], [c, b]) \in *lprod* R
by (auto intro: *lprod-list*[**where** a=c **and** b=c **and**
ah = [a] **and** at = [] **and** bh=[] **and** bt=[b], *simplified*])

lemma [*recdef-wf*, *simp*, *intro*]:
assumes wfR: wf R **shows** wf (*gprod-2-1* R)
proof –
have *gprod-2-1* R \subseteq *inv-image* (*lprod* R) (λ (a,b). [a,b])
by (auto *simp* add: *gprod-2-1-def* *lprod-2-1* *lprod-2-2*)
with wfR **show** ?thesis
by (rule-tac wf-subset, auto)
qed

lemma [*recdef-wf*, *simp*, *intro*]:
assumes wfR: wf R **shows** wf (*gprod-2-2* R)
proof –
have *gprod-2-2* R \subseteq *inv-image* (*lprod* R) (λ (a,b). [a,b])
by (auto *simp* add: *gprod-2-2-def* *lprod-2-3* *lprod-2-4*)
with wfR **show** ?thesis
by (rule-tac wf-subset, auto)
qed

lemma *lprod-3-1*: **assumes** (x', x) \in R **shows** ([y, z, x'], [x, y, z]) \in *lprod* R
apply (rule *lprod-list*[**where** a=y **and** b=y **and** ah=[] **and** at=[z,x'] **and** bh=[x]
and bt=[z], *simplified*])
apply (auto *simp* add: *lprod-2-1* *prems*)
done

lemma *lprod-3-2*: **assumes** (z', z) \in R **shows** ([z', x, y], [x,y,z]) \in *lprod* R
apply (rule *lprod-list*[**where** a=y **and** b=y **and** ah=[z',x] **and** at=[] **and** bh=[x]
and bt=[z], *simplified*])

```

apply (auto simp add: lprod-2-2 prems)
done

lemma lprod-3-3: assumes  $xr: (xr, x) \in R$  shows  $([xr, y, z], [x, y, z]) \in lprod\ R$ 
apply (rule lprod-list[where  $a=y$  and  $b=y$  and  $ah=[xr]$  and  $at=[z]$  and  $bh=[x]$ 
and  $bt=[z]$ , simplified])
apply (simp add:  $xr$  lprod-2-3)
done

lemma lprod-3-4: assumes  $yr: (yr, y) \in R$  shows  $([x, yr, z], [x, y, z]) \in lprod\ R$ 
apply (rule lprod-list[where  $a=x$  and  $b=x$  and  $ah=[]$  and  $at=[yr, z]$  and  $bh=[]$ 
and  $bt=[y, z]$ , simplified])
apply (simp add:  $yr$  lprod-2-3)
done

lemma lprod-3-5: assumes  $zr: (zr, z) \in R$  shows  $([x, y, zr], [x, y, z]) \in lprod\ R$ 
apply (rule lprod-list[where  $a=x$  and  $b=x$  and  $ah=[]$  and  $at=[y, zr]$  and  $bh=[]$ 
and  $bt=[y, z]$ , simplified])
apply (simp add:  $zr$  lprod-2-4)
done

lemma lprod-3-6: assumes  $y': (y', y) \in R$  shows  $([x, z, y'], [x, y, z]) \in lprod\ R$ 
apply (rule lprod-list[where  $a=z$  and  $b=z$  and  $ah=[x]$  and  $at=[y']$  and  $bh=[x, y]$ 
and  $bt=[],$  simplified])
apply (simp add:  $y'$  lprod-2-4)
done

lemma lprod-3-7: assumes  $z': (z', z) \in R$  shows  $([x, z', y], [x, y, z]) \in lprod\ R$ 
apply (rule lprod-list[where  $a=y$  and  $b=y$  and  $ah=[x, z']$  and  $at=[]$  and
 $bh=[x]$  and  $bt=[z]$ , simplified])
apply (simp add:  $z'$  lprod-2-4)
done

constdefs
  perm :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  'a set  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  perm f A  $\equiv$  inj-on f A  $\wedge$  f ' A = A

lemma ((as, bs)  $\in$  lprod R) =
  ( $\exists$  f. perm f {0.. $(length\ as)$ }  $\wedge$ 
  ( $\forall$  j. j < length as  $\longrightarrow$  ((nth as j, nth bs (f j))  $\in$  R  $\vee$  (nth as j = nth bs (f j))))
   $\wedge$ 
  ( $\exists$  i. i < length as  $\wedge$  (nth as i, nth bs (f i))  $\in$  R))
oops

lemma trans R  $\Longrightarrow$  (ah@a#at, bh@b#bt)  $\in$  lprod R  $\Longrightarrow$  (b, a)  $\in$  R  $\vee$  a = b  $\Longrightarrow$ 
  (ah@at, bh@bt)  $\in$  lprod R
oops

```

end

theory *MainZF*
imports *Zet LProd*
begin
end

theory *Games*
imports *MainZF*
begin

constdefs
fixgames :: *ZF set* \Rightarrow *ZF set*
fixgames *A* $\equiv \{ \text{Opair } l \ r \mid l \ r. \text{ explode } l \subseteq A \ \& \ \text{explode } r \subseteq A \}$
games-lfp :: *ZF set*
games-lfp $\equiv \text{lfp } \text{fixgames}$
games-gfp :: *ZF set*
games-gfp $\equiv \text{gfp } \text{fixgames}$

lemma *mono-fixgames*: *mono* (*fixgames*)
apply (*auto simp add: mono-def fixgames-def*)
apply (*rule-tac x=l in exI*)
apply (*rule-tac x=r in exI*)
apply *auto*
done

lemma *games-lfp-unfold*: *games-lfp* = *fixgames games-lfp*
by (*auto simp add: def-lfp-unfold games-lfp-def mono-fixgames*)

lemma *games-gfp-unfold*: *games-gfp* = *fixgames games-gfp*
by (*auto simp add: def-gfp-unfold games-gfp-def mono-fixgames*)

lemma *games-lfp-nonempty*: *Opair Empty Empty* \in *games-lfp*
proof –
have *fixgames* $\{ \} \subseteq$ *games-lfp*
apply (*subst games-lfp-unfold*)
apply (*simp add: mono-fixgames[simplified mono-def, rule-format]*)
done
moreover have *fixgames* $\{ \} = \{ \text{Opair Empty Empty} \}$
by (*simp add: fixgames-def explode-Empty*)
finally show *?thesis*
by *auto*
qed

constdefs
left-option :: *ZF* \Rightarrow *ZF* \Rightarrow *bool*

```

left-option g opt ≡ (Elem opt (Fst g))
right-option :: ZF ⇒ ZF ⇒ bool
right-option g opt ≡ (Elem opt (Snd g))
is-option-of :: (ZF * ZF) set
is-option-of ≡ { (opt, g) | opt g. g ∈ games-gfp ∧ (left-option g opt ∨ right-option
g opt) }

```

lemma *games-lfp-subset-gfp*: *games-lfp* ⊆ *games-gfp*

```

proof -
  have games-lfp ⊆ fixgames games-lfp
    by (simp add: games-lfp-unfold[symmetric])
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: games-gfp-def gfp-upperbound)
qed

```

lemma *games-option-stable*:

```

assumes fixgames: games = fixgames games
and g: g ∈ games
and opt: left-option g opt ∨ right-option g opt
shows opt ∈ games
proof -
  from g fixgames have g ∈ fixgames games by auto
  then have ∃ l r. g = Opair l r ∧ explode l ⊆ games ∧ explode r ⊆ games
    by (simp add: fixgames-def)
  then obtain l where ∃ r. g = Opair l r ∧ explode l ⊆ games ∧ explode r ⊆
games ..
  then obtain r where lr: g = Opair l r ∧ explode l ⊆ games ∧ explode r ⊆
games ..
  with opt show ?thesis
    by (auto intro: Elem-explode-in simp add: left-option-def right-option-def Fst
Snd)
qed

```

lemma *option2elem*: *(opt,g) ∈ is-option-of* ⇒ ∃ *u v*. *Elem opt u* ∧ *Elem u v* ∧ *Elem v g*

```

apply (simp add: is-option-of-def)
apply (subgoal-tac (g ∈ games-gfp) = (g ∈ (fixgames games-gfp)))
prefer 2
apply (simp add: games-gfp-unfold[symmetric])
apply (auto simp add: fixgames-def left-option-def right-option-def Fst Snd)
apply (rule-tac x=l in exI, insert Elem-Opair-exists, blast)
apply (rule-tac x=r in exI, insert Elem-Opair-exists, blast)
done

```

lemma *is-option-of-subset-is-Elem-of*: *is-option-of* ⊆ (*is-Elem-of*^+)

```

proof -
  {
    fix opt
    fix g

```

```

    assume (opt, g) ∈ is-option-of
    then have ∃ u v. (opt, u) ∈ (is-Elem-of+) ∧ (u, v) ∈ (is-Elem-of+) ∧ (v, g)
    ∈ (is-Elem-of+)
    apply -
    apply (drule option2elem)
    apply (auto simp add: r-into-trancl' is-Elem-of-def)
    done
    then have (opt, g) ∈ (is-Elem-of+)
    by (blast intro: trancl-into-rtrancl trancl-rtrancl-trancl)
  }
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed

```

```

lemma wfzf-is-option-of: wfzf is-option-of
proof -
  have wfzf (is-Elem-of+) by (simp add: wfzf-trancl wfzf-is-Elem-of)
  then show ?thesis
    apply (rule wfzf-subset)
    apply (rule is-option-of-subset-is-Elem-of)
    done
qed

```

```

lemma games-gfp-imp-lfp: g ∈ games-gfp ⟶ g ∈ games-lfp
proof -
  have unfold-gfp: ∧ x. x ∈ games-gfp ⟹ x ∈ (fixgames games-gfp)
    by (simp add: games-gfp-unfold[symmetric])
  have unfold-lfp: ∧ x. (x ∈ games-lfp) = (x ∈ (fixgames games-lfp))
    by (simp add: games-lfp-unfold[symmetric])
  show ?thesis
    apply (rule wf-induct[OF wfzf-implies-wf[OF wfzf-is-option-of]])
    apply (auto simp add: is-option-of-def)
    apply (drule-tac unfold-gfp)
    apply (simp add: fixgames-def)
    apply (auto simp add: left-option-def Fst right-option-def Snd)
    apply (subgoal-tac explode l ⊆ games-lfp)
    apply (subgoal-tac explode r ⊆ games-lfp)
    apply (subst unfold-lfp)
    apply (auto simp add: fixgames-def)
    apply (simp-all add: explode-Elem Elem-explode-in)
    done
qed

```

```

theorem games-lfp-eq-gfp: games-lfp = games-gfp
  apply (auto simp add: games-gfp-imp-lfp)
  apply (insert games-lfp-subset-gfp)
  apply auto
  done

```

```

theorem unique-games: (g = fixgames g) = (g = games-lfp)

```



```

proof -
{
  fix g
  assume g: g = fixgames g
  from g have fixgames g  $\subseteq$  g by auto
  then have l:games-lfp  $\subseteq$  g
    by (simp add: games-lfp-def lfp-lowerbound)
  from g have g  $\subseteq$  fixgames g by auto
  then have u:g  $\subseteq$  games-gfp
    by (simp add: games-gfp-def gfp-upperbound)
  from l u games-lfp-eq-gfp[symmetric] have g = games-lfp
    by auto
}
note games = this
show ?thesis
  apply (rule iff[rule-format])
  apply (erule games)
  apply (simp add: games-lfp-unfold[symmetric])
  done
qed

lemma games-lfp-option-stable:
  assumes g: g  $\in$  games-lfp
  and opt: left-option g opt  $\vee$  right-option g opt
  shows opt  $\in$  games-lfp
  apply (rule games-option-stable[where g=g])
  apply (simp add: games-lfp-unfold[symmetric])
  apply (simp-all add: prems)
  done

lemma is-option-of-imp-games:
  assumes hyp: (opt, g)  $\in$  is-option-of
  shows opt  $\in$  games-lfp  $\wedge$  g  $\in$  games-lfp
proof -
  from hyp have g-game: g  $\in$  games-lfp
    by (simp add: is-option-of-def games-lfp-eq-gfp)
  from hyp have left-option g opt  $\vee$  right-option g opt
    by (auto simp add: is-option-of-def)
  with g-game games-lfp-option-stable[OF g-game, OF this] show ?thesis
    by auto
qed

lemma games-lfp-represent: x  $\in$  games-lfp  $\implies \exists l r. x = \text{Opair } l r$ 
  apply (rule exI[where x=Fst x])
  apply (rule exI[where x=Snd x])
  apply (subgoal-tac x  $\in$  (fixgames games-lfp))
  apply (simp add: fixgames-def)
  apply (auto simp add: Fst Snd)
  apply (simp add: games-lfp-unfold[symmetric])

```

```

done

typedef game = games-lfp
  by (blast intro: games-lfp-nonempty)

constdefs
  left-options :: game  $\Rightarrow$  game zet
  left-options g  $\equiv$  zimage Abs-game (zexplode (Fst (Rep-game g)))
  right-options :: game  $\Rightarrow$  game zet
  right-options g  $\equiv$  zimage Abs-game (zexplode (Snd (Rep-game g)))
  options :: game  $\Rightarrow$  game zet
  options g  $\equiv$  zunion (left-options g) (right-options g)
  Game :: game zet  $\Rightarrow$  game zet  $\Rightarrow$  game
  Game L R  $\equiv$  Abs-game (Opair (zimplode (zimage Rep-game L)) (zimplode (zimage
    Rep-game R)))

lemma Repl-Rep-game-Abs-game:  $\forall e. \text{Elem } e \ z \longrightarrow e \in \text{games-lfp} \implies \text{Repl } z$ 
  (Rep-game o Abs-game) = z
  apply (subst Ext)
  apply (simp add: Repl)
  apply auto
  apply (subst Abs-game-inverse, simp-all add: game-def)
  apply (rule-tac x=za in exI)
  apply (subst Abs-game-inverse, simp-all add: game-def)
  done

lemma game-split: g = Game (left-options g) (right-options g)
proof -
  have  $\exists l \ r. \text{Rep-game } g = \text{Opair } l \ r$ 
    apply (insert Rep-game[of g])
    apply (simp add: game-def games-lfp-represent)
    done
  then obtain l r where lr: Rep-game g = Opair l r by auto
  have partizan-g: Rep-game g  $\in$  games-lfp
    apply (insert Rep-game[of g])
    apply (simp add: game-def)
    done
  have  $\forall e. \text{Elem } e \ l \longrightarrow \text{left-option } (\text{Rep-game } g) \ e$ 
    by (simp add: lr left-option-def Fst)
  then have partizan-l:  $\forall e. \text{Elem } e \ l \longrightarrow e \in \text{games-lfp}$ 
    apply auto
    apply (rule games-lfp-option-stable[where g=Rep-game g, OF partizan-g])
    apply auto
    done
  have  $\forall e. \text{Elem } e \ r \longrightarrow \text{right-option } (\text{Rep-game } g) \ e$ 
    by (simp add: lr right-option-def Snd)
  then have partizan-r:  $\forall e. \text{Elem } e \ r \longrightarrow e \in \text{games-lfp}$ 
    apply auto
    apply (rule games-lfp-option-stable[where g=Rep-game g, OF partizan-g])

```

```

    apply auto
  done
let ?L = zimage (Abs-game) (zexplode l)
let ?R = zimage (Abs-game) (zexplode r)
have L:?L = left-options g
  by (simp add: left-options-def lr Fst)
have R:?R = right-options g
  by (simp add: right-options-def lr Snd)
have g = Game ?L ?R
  apply (simp add: Game-def Rep-game-inject[symmetric] comp-zimage-eq zimage-zexplode-eq
    zimplode-zexplode)
  apply (simp add: Repl-Rep-game-Abs-game partizan-l partizan-r)
  apply (subst Abs-game-inverse)
  apply (simp-all add: lr[symmetric] Rep-game)
  done
then show ?thesis
  by (simp add: L R)
qed

```

```

lemma Opair-in-games-lfp:
  assumes l: explode l  $\subseteq$  games-lfp
  and r: explode r  $\subseteq$  games-lfp
  shows Opair l r  $\in$  games-lfp
proof -
  note f = unique-games[of games-lfp, simplified]
  show ?thesis
    apply (subst f)
    apply (simp add: fixgames-def)
    apply (rule exI[where x=l])
    apply (rule exI[where x=r])
    apply (auto simp add: l r)
  done
qed

```

```

lemma left-options[simp]: left-options (Game l r) = l
  apply (simp add: left-options-def Game-def)
  apply (subst Abs-game-inverse)
  apply (simp add: game-def)
  apply (rule Opair-in-games-lfp)
  apply (auto simp add: explode-Elem Elem-zimplode zimage-iff Rep-game[simplified
    game-def])
  apply (simp add: Fst zexplode-zimplode comp-zimage-eq)
  apply (simp add: zet-ext-eq zimage-iff Rep-game-inverse)
  done

```

```

lemma right-options[simp]: right-options (Game l r) = r
  apply (simp add: right-options-def Game-def)
  apply (subst Abs-game-inverse)
  apply (simp add: game-def)

```

```

apply (rule Opair-in-games-lfp)
apply (auto simp add: explode-Elem Elem-zimplode zimage-iff Rep-game[simplified
game-def])
apply (simp add: Snd zexplode-zimplode comp-zimage-eq)
apply (simp add: zet-ext-eq zimage-iff Rep-game-inverse)
done

```

```

lemma Game-ext: (Game l1 r1 = Game l2 r2) = ((l1 = l2) ∧ (r1 = r2))
apply auto
apply (subst left-options[where l=l1 and r=r1,symmetric])
apply (subst left-options[where l=l2 and r=r2,symmetric])
apply simp
apply (subst right-options[where l=l1 and r=r1,symmetric])
apply (subst right-options[where l=l2 and r=r2,symmetric])
apply simp
done

```

```

constdefs
option-of :: (game * game) set
option-of ≡ image (λ (option, g). (Abs-game option, Abs-game g)) is-option-of

```

```

lemma option-to-is-option-of: ((option, g) ∈ option-of) = ((Rep-game option,
Rep-game g) ∈ is-option-of)
apply (auto simp add: option-of-def)
apply (subst Abs-game-inverse)
apply (simp add: is-option-of-imp-games game-def)
apply (subst Abs-game-inverse)
apply (simp add: is-option-of-imp-games game-def)
apply simp
apply (auto simp add: Bex-def image-def)
apply (rule exI[where x=Rep-game option])
apply (rule exI[where x=Rep-game g])
apply (simp add: Rep-game-inverse)
done

```

```

lemma wf-is-option-of: wf is-option-of
apply (rule wfzf-implies-wf)
apply (simp add: wfzf-is-option-of)
done

```

```

lemma wf-option-of[recdef-wf, simp, intro]: wf option-of
proof –
have option-of: option-of = inv-image is-option-of Rep-game
apply (rule set-ext)
apply (case-tac x)
by (simp add: option-to-is-option-of)
show ?thesis
apply (simp add: option-of)
apply (auto intro: wf-inv-image wf-is-option-of)

```

```

    done
qed

lemma right-option-is-option[simp, intro]:  $\text{zin } x \text{ (right-options } g) \implies \text{zin } x \text{ (options } g)$ 
  by (simp add: options-def zunion)

lemma left-option-is-option[simp, intro]:  $\text{zin } x \text{ (left-options } g) \implies \text{zin } x \text{ (options } g)$ 
  by (simp add: options-def zunion)

lemma zin-options[simp, intro]:  $\text{zin } x \text{ (options } g) \implies (x, g) \in \text{option-of}$ 
  apply (simp add: options-def zunion left-options-def right-options-def option-of-def
    image-def is-option-of-def zimage-iff zin-zexplode-eq)
  apply (cases g)
  apply (cases x)
  apply (auto simp add: Abs-game-inverse games-lfp-eq-gfp[symmetric] game-def
    right-option-def[symmetric] left-option-def[symmetric])
  done

consts
  neg-game :: game  $\Rightarrow$  game

recdef neg-game option-of
  neg-game g = Game (zimage neg-game (right-options g)) (zimage neg-game
    (left-options g))

declare neg-game.simps[simp del]

lemma neg-game (neg-game g) = g
  apply (induct g rule: neg-game.induct)
  apply (subst neg-game.simps)+
  apply (simp add: right-options left-options comp-zimage-eq)
  apply (subgoal-tac zimage (neg-game o neg-game) (left-options g) = left-options
    g)
  apply (subgoal-tac zimage (neg-game o neg-game) (right-options g) = right-options
    g)
  apply (auto simp add: game-split[symmetric])
  apply (auto simp add: zet-ext-eq zimage-iff)
  done

consts
  ge-game :: (game * game)  $\Rightarrow$  bool

recdef ge-game (gprod-2-1 option-of)
  ge-game (G, H) = ( $\forall x$ . if  $\text{zin } x \text{ (right-options } G)$  then (
    if  $\text{zin } x \text{ (left-options } H)$  then  $\neg (\text{ge-game } (H, x) \vee (\text{ge-game } (x, G)))$ 

```

```

else  $\neg$  (ge-game (H, x)))
else (if zin x (left-options H) then  $\neg$  (ge-game (x, G)) else
True))
(hints simp: gprod-2-1-def)

```

```

declare ge-game.simps [simp del]

```

```

lemma ge-game-eq: ge-game (G, H) = ( $\forall$  x. (zin x (right-options G)  $\longrightarrow$   $\neg$ 
ge-game (H, x))  $\wedge$  (zin x (left-options H)  $\longrightarrow$   $\neg$  ge-game (x, G)))
  apply (subst ge-game.simps[where G=G and H=H])
  apply (auto)
done

```

```

lemma ge-game-leftright-refl[rule-format]:
   $\forall$  y. (zin y (right-options x)  $\longrightarrow$   $\neg$  ge-game (x, y))  $\wedge$  (zin y (left-options x)  $\longrightarrow$ 
 $\neg$  (ge-game (y, x)))  $\wedge$  ge-game (x, x)
proof (induct x rule: wf-induct[OF wf-option-of])
  case (1 g)
  {
    fix y
    assume y: zin y (right-options g)
    have  $\neg$  ge-game (g, y)
    proof -
      have (y, g)  $\in$  option-of by (auto intro: y)
      with 1 have ge-game (y, y) by auto
      with y show ?thesis by (subst ge-game-eq, auto)
    qed
  }
  note right = this
  {
    fix y
    assume y: zin y (left-options g)
    have  $\neg$  ge-game (y, g)
    proof -
      have (y, g)  $\in$  option-of by (auto intro: y)
      with 1 have ge-game (y, y) by auto
      with y show ?thesis by (subst ge-game-eq, auto)
    qed
  }
  note left = this
  from left right show ?case
  by (auto, subst ge-game-eq, auto)
qed

```

```

lemma ge-game-refl: ge-game (x,x) by (simp add: ge-game-leftright-refl)

```

```

lemma  $\forall$  y. (zin y (right-options x)  $\longrightarrow$   $\neg$  ge-game (x, y))  $\wedge$  (zin y (left-options
x)  $\longrightarrow$   $\neg$  (ge-game (y, x)))  $\wedge$  ge-game (x, x)
proof (induct x rule: wf-induct[OF wf-option-of])

```

```

case (1 g)
show ?case
proof (auto)
  {case (goal1 y)
   from goal1 have (y, g) ∈ option-of by (auto)
   with 1 have ge-game (y, y) by auto
   with goal1 have ¬ ge-game (g, y)
     by (subst ge-game-eq, auto)
   with goal1 show ?case by auto}
note right = this
{case (goal2 y)
 from goal2 have (y, g) ∈ option-of by (auto)
 with 1 have ge-game (y, y) by auto
 with goal2 have ¬ ge-game (y, g)
   by (subst ge-game-eq, auto)
 with goal2 show ?case by auto}
note left = this
{case goal3
 from left right show ?case
  by (subst ge-game-eq, auto)
}
qed
qed

constdefs
  eq-game :: game ⇒ game ⇒ bool
  eq-game G H ≡ ge-game (G, H) ∧ ge-game (H, G)

lemma eq-game-sym: (eq-game G H) = (eq-game H G)
  by (auto simp add: eq-game-def)

lemma eq-game-refl: eq-game G G
  by (simp add: ge-game-refl eq-game-def)

lemma induct-game: (∧x. ∀y. (y, x) ∈ lprod option-of ⟶ P y ⟹ P x) ⟹ P
a
  by (erule wf-induct[OF wf-lprod[OF wf-option-of]])

lemma ge-game-trans:
  assumes ge-game (x, y) ge-game (y, z)
  shows ge-game (x, z)
proof -
  {
    fix a
    have ∀ x y z. a = [x,y,z] ⟶ ge-game (x,y) ⟶ ge-game (y,z) ⟶ ge-game
(x, z)
    proof (induct a rule: induct-game)
      case (1 a)
      show ?case

```

```

proof (rule allI | rule impI)+
  case (goal1 x y z)
  show ?case
proof -
  { fix xr
    assume xr:zin xr (right-options x)
    assume ge-game (z, xr)
    have ge-game (y, xr)
    apply (rule 1[rule-format, where y=[y,z,xr]])
    apply (auto intro: xr lprod-3-1 simp add: prems)
    done
    moreover from xr have  $\neg$  ge-game (y, xr)
    by (simp add: goal1(2)[simplified ge-game-eq[of x y], rule-format, of
xr, simplified xr])
    ultimately have False by auto
  }
  note xr = this
  { fix zl
    assume zl:zin zl (left-options z)
    assume ge-game (zl, x)
    have ge-game (zl, y)
    apply (rule 1[rule-format, where y=[zl,x,y]])
    apply (auto intro: zl lprod-3-2 simp add: prems)
    done
    moreover from zl have  $\neg$  ge-game (zl, y)
    by (simp add: goal1(3)[simplified ge-game-eq[of y z], rule-format, of
zl, simplified zl])
    ultimately have False by auto
  }
  note zl = this
  show ?thesis
  by (auto simp add: ge-game-eq[of x z] intro: xr zl)
qed
qed
qed
}
note trans = this[of [x, y, z], simplified, rule-format]
with prems show ?thesis by blast
qed

```

```

lemma eq-game-trans: eq-game a b  $\implies$  eq-game b c  $\implies$  eq-game a c
  by (auto simp add: eq-game-def intro: ge-game-trans)

```

```

constdefs
  zero-game :: game
  zero-game  $\equiv$  Game zempty zempty

```

```

consts
  plus-game :: game * game  $\Rightarrow$  game

```



```

recdef plus-game gprod-2-2 option-of
  plus-game (G, H) = Game (zunion (zimage (λ g. plus-game (g, H)) (left-options
    G))
    (zimage (λ h. plus-game (G, h)) (left-options H)))
    (zunion (zimage (λ g. plus-game (g, H)) (right-options G))
    (zimage (λ h. plus-game (G, h)) (right-options H)))
  (hints simp add: gprod-2-2-def)

declare plus-game.simps[simp del]

lemma plus-game-comm: plus-game (G, H) = plus-game (H, G)
proof (induct G H rule: plus-game.induct)
  case (1 G H)
  show ?case
    by (auto simp add:
      plus-game.simps[where G=G and H=H]
      plus-game.simps[where G=H and H=G]
      Game-ext zet-ext-eq zunion zimage-iff prems)
qed

lemma game-ext-eq: (G = H) = (left-options G = left-options H ∧ right-options
  G = right-options H)
proof –
  have (G = H) = (Game (left-options G) (right-options G) = Game (left-options
  H) (right-options H))
    by (simp add: game-split[symmetric])
  then show ?thesis by auto
qed

lemma left-zero-game[simp]: left-options (zero-game) = zempty
  by (simp add: zero-game-def)

lemma right-zero-game[simp]: right-options (zero-game) = zempty
  by (simp add: zero-game-def)

lemma plus-game-zero-right[simp]: plus-game (G, zero-game) = G
proof –
  {
    fix G H
    have H = zero-game ⟶ plus-game (G, H) = G
    proof (induct G H rule: plus-game.induct, rule impI)
      case (goal1 G H)
      note induct-hyp = prems[simplified goal1, simplified] and prems
      show ?case
        apply (simp only: plus-game.simps[where G=G and H=H])
        apply (simp add: game-ext-eq prems)
        apply (auto simp add:
          zimage-cong[where f = λ g. plus-game (g, zero-game) and g = id]

```

```

      induct-hyp)
    done
  qed
}
then show ?thesis by auto
qed

lemma plus-game-zero-left: plus-game (zero-game, G) = G
  by (simp add: plus-game-comm)

lemma left-imp-options[simp]: zin opt (left-options g)  $\implies$  zin opt (options g)
  by (simp add: options-def zunion)

lemma right-imp-options[simp]: zin opt (right-options g)  $\implies$  zin opt (options g)
  by (simp add: options-def zunion)

lemma left-options-plus:
  left-options (plus-game (u, v)) = zunion (zimage ( $\lambda g$ . plus-game (g, v)) (left-options u))
  (zimage ( $\lambda h$ . plus-game (u, h)) (left-options v))
  by (subst plus-game.simps, simp)

lemma right-options-plus:
  right-options (plus-game (u, v)) = zunion (zimage ( $\lambda g$ . plus-game (g, v))
  (right-options u)) (zimage ( $\lambda h$ . plus-game (u, h)) (right-options v))
  by (subst plus-game.simps, simp)

lemma left-options-neg: left-options (neg-game u) = zimage neg-game (right-options u)
  by (subst neg-game.simps, simp)

lemma right-options-neg: right-options (neg-game u) = zimage neg-game (left-options u)
  by (subst neg-game.simps, simp)

lemma plus-game-assoc: plus-game (plus-game (F, G), H) = plus-game (F, plus-game (G, H))
proof -
  {
    fix a
    have  $\forall F G H. a = [F, G, H] \longrightarrow \text{plus-game } (\text{plus-game } (F, G), H) =$ 
    plus-game (F, plus-game (G, H))
    proof (induct a rule: induct-game, (rule impI | rule allI)+)
      case (goal1 x F G H)
      let ?L = plus-game (plus-game (F, G), H)
      let ?R = plus-game (F, plus-game (G, H))
      note options-plus = left-options-plus right-options-plus
      {
        fix opt
        note hyp = goal1(1)[simplified goal1(2), rule-format]

```

```

      have F: zin opt (options F)  $\implies$  plus-game (plus-game (opt, G), H) =
plus-game (opt, plus-game (G, H))
      by (blast intro: hyp lprod-3-3)
      have G: zin opt (options G)  $\implies$  plus-game (plus-game (F, opt), H) =
plus-game (F, plus-game (opt, H))
      by (blast intro: hyp lprod-3-4)
      have H: zin opt (options H)  $\implies$  plus-game (plus-game (F, G), opt) =
plus-game (F, plus-game (G, opt))
      by (blast intro: hyp lprod-3-5)
      note F and G and H
    }
    note induct-hyp = this
    have left-options ?L = left-options ?R  $\wedge$  right-options ?L = right-options ?R
    by (auto simp add:
      plus-game.simps[where G=plus-game (F,G) and H=H]
      plus-game.simps[where G=F and H=plus-game (G,H)]
      zet-ext-eq zunion zimage-iff options-plus
      induct-hyp left-imp-options right-imp-options)
    then show ?case
    by (simp add: game-ext-eq)
  qed
}
then show ?thesis by auto
qed

```

lemma *neg-plus-game*: *neg-game (plus-game (G, H)) = plus-game(neg-game G, neg-game H)*

proof (*induct G H rule: plus-game.induct*)

case (1 G H)

note *opt-ops* =

left-options-plus right-options-plus

left-options-neg right-options-neg

show ?case

by (*auto simp add: opt-ops*

neg-game.simps[of plus-game (G,H)]

plus-game.simps[of neg-game G neg-game H]

Game-ext zet-ext-eq zunion zimage-iff prems)

qed

lemma *eq-game-plus-inverse*: *eq-game (plus-game (x, neg-game x)) zero-game*

proof (*induct x rule: wf-induct[OF wf-option-of]*)

case (*goal1 x*)

{ **fix** *y*

assume *zin y (options x)*

then have *eq-game (plus-game (y, neg-game y)) zero-game*

by (*auto simp add: prems*)

}

note *ihyp* = *this*

{

```

fix y
assume y: zin y (right-options x)
have ¬ (ge-game (zero-game, plus-game (y, neg-game x)))
  apply (subst ge-game.simps, simp)
  apply (rule exI[where x=plus-game (y, neg-game y)])
  apply (auto simp add: ihyp[of y, simplified y right-imp-options eq-game-def])
  apply (auto simp add: left-options-plus left-options-neg zunion zimage-iff intro:
prems)
done
}
note case1 = this
{
  fix y
  assume y: zin y (left-options x)
  have ¬ (ge-game (zero-game, plus-game (x, neg-game y)))
    apply (subst ge-game.simps, simp)
    apply (rule exI[where x=plus-game (y, neg-game y)])
    apply (auto simp add: ihyp[of y, simplified y left-imp-options eq-game-def])
    apply (auto simp add: left-options-plus zunion zimage-iff intro: prems)
  done
}
note case2 = this
{
  fix y
  assume y: zin y (left-options x)
  have ¬ (ge-game (plus-game (y, neg-game x), zero-game))
    apply (subst ge-game.simps, simp)
    apply (rule exI[where x=plus-game (y, neg-game y)])
    apply (auto simp add: ihyp[of y, simplified y left-imp-options eq-game-def])
    apply (auto simp add: right-options-plus right-options-neg zunion zimage-iff
intro: prems)
  done
}
note case3 = this
{
  fix y
  assume y: zin y (right-options x)
  have ¬ (ge-game (plus-game (x, neg-game y), zero-game))
    apply (subst ge-game.simps, simp)
    apply (rule exI[where x=plus-game (y, neg-game y)])
    apply (auto simp add: ihyp[of y, simplified y right-imp-options eq-game-def])
    apply (auto simp add: right-options-plus zunion zimage-iff intro: prems)
  done
}
note case4 = this
show ?case
  apply (simp add: eq-game-def)
  apply (simp add: ge-game.simps[of plus-game (x, neg-game x) zero-game])
  apply (simp add: ge-game.simps[of zero-game plus-game (x, neg-game x)])

```

```

apply (simp add: right-options-plus left-options-plus right-options-neg left-options-neg
zunion zimage-iff)
apply (auto simp add: case1 case2 case3 case4)
done
qed

lemma ge-plus-game-left: ge-game (y,z) = ge-game(plus-game (x, y), plus-game
(x, z))
proof -
{ fix a
have  $\forall x y z. a = [x,y,z] \longrightarrow ge-game (y,z) = ge-game(plus-game (x, y),$ 
plus-game (x, z))
proof (induct a rule: induct-game, (rule impI | rule allI)+)
case (goal1 a x y z)
note induct-hyp = goal1(1)[rule-format, simplified goal1(2)]
{
assume hyp: ge-game(plus-game (x, y), plus-game (x, z))
have ge-game (y, z)
proof -
{ fix yr
assume yr: zin yr (right-options y)
from hyp have  $\neg (ge-game (plus-game (x, z), plus-game (x, yr)))$ 
by (auto simp add: ge-game-eq[of plus-game (x,y) plus-game(x,z)]
right-options-plus zunion zimage-iff intro: yr)
then have  $\neg (ge-game (z, yr))$ 
apply (subst induct-hyp[where y=[x, z, yr], of x z yr])
apply (simp-all add: yr lprod-3-6)
done
}
note yr = this
{ fix zl
assume zl: zin zl (left-options z)
from hyp have  $\neg (ge-game (plus-game (x, zl), plus-game (x, y)))$ 
by (auto simp add: ge-game-eq[of plus-game (x,y) plus-game(x,z)]
left-options-plus zunion zimage-iff intro: zl)
then have  $\neg (ge-game (zl, y))$ 
apply (subst goal1(1)[rule-format, where y=[x, zl, y], of x zl y])
apply (simp-all add: goal1(2) zl lprod-3-7)
done
}
note zl = this
show ge-game (y, z)
apply (subst ge-game-eq)
apply (auto simp add: yr zl)
done
qed
}
note right-imp-left = this
{

```

```

assume yz: ge-game (y, z)
{
  fix x'
  assume x': zin x' (right-options x)
  assume hyp: ge-game (plus-game (x, z), plus-game (x', y))
  then have n:  $\neg$  (ge-game (plus-game (x', y), plus-game (x', z)))
    by (auto simp add: ge-game-eq[of plus-game (x,z) plus-game (x', y)]
      right-options-plus zunion zimage-iff intro: x')
  have t: ge-game (plus-game (x', y), plus-game (x', z))
    apply (subst induct-hyp[symmetric])
    apply (auto intro: lprod-3-3 x' yz)
  done
  from n t have False by blast
}
note case1 = this
{
  fix x'
  assume x': zin x' (left-options x)
  assume hyp: ge-game (plus-game (x', z), plus-game (x, y))
  then have n:  $\neg$  (ge-game (plus-game (x', y), plus-game (x', z)))
    by (auto simp add: ge-game-eq[of plus-game (x',z) plus-game (x, y)]
      left-options-plus zunion zimage-iff intro: x')
  have t: ge-game (plus-game (x', y), plus-game (x', z))
    apply (subst induct-hyp[symmetric])
    apply (auto intro: lprod-3-3 x' yz)
  done
  from n t have False by blast
}
note case3 = this
{
  fix y'
  assume y': zin y' (right-options y)
  assume hyp: ge-game (plus-game(x, z), plus-game (x, y'))
  then have ge-game(z, y')
    apply (subst induct-hyp[of [x, z, y'] x z y'])
    apply (auto simp add: hyp lprod-3-6 y')
  done
  with yz have ge-game (y, y')
    by (blast intro: ge-game-trans)
  with y' have False by (auto simp add: ge-game-leftright-refl)
}
note case2 = this
{
  fix z'
  assume z': zin z' (left-options z)
  assume hyp: ge-game (plus-game(x, z'), plus-game (x, y))
  then have ge-game(z', y)
    apply (subst induct-hyp[of [x, z', y] x z' y])
    apply (auto simp add: hyp lprod-3-7 z')

```

```

    done
  with  $yz$  have  $ge\text{-}game\ (z', z)$ 
    by (blast intro: ge-game-trans)
  with  $z'$  have False by (auto simp add: ge-game-leftright-refl)
}
note  $case_4 = this$ 
have  $ge\text{-}game(plus\text{-}game\ (x, y), plus\text{-}game\ (x, z))$ 
  apply (subst ge-game-eq)
apply (auto simp add: right-options-plus left-options-plus zunion zimage-iff)
  apply (auto intro: case1 case2 case3 case4)
  done
}
note  $left\text{-}imp\text{-}right = this$ 
show  $?case$  by (auto intro: right-imp-left left-imp-right)
qed
}
note  $a = this[of\ [x, y, z]]$ 
then show  $?thesis$  by blast
qed

lemma  $ge\text{-}plus\text{-}game\text{-}right$ :  $ge\text{-}game\ (y, z) = ge\text{-}game(plus\text{-}game\ (y, x), plus\text{-}game\ (z, x))$ 
  by (simp add: ge-plus-game-left plus-game-comm)

lemma  $ge\text{-}neg\text{-}game$ :  $ge\text{-}game\ (neg\text{-}game\ x, neg\text{-}game\ y) = ge\text{-}game\ (y, x)$ 
proof -
  { fix  $a$ 
    have  $\forall\ x\ y. a = [x, y] \longrightarrow ge\text{-}game\ (neg\text{-}game\ x, neg\text{-}game\ y) = ge\text{-}game\ (y, x)$ 
  }
proof (induct a rule: induct-game, (rule impI | rule allI)+)
  case ( $goal1\ a\ x\ y$ )
  note  $ihyp = goal1(1)[rule\text{-}format, simplified\ goal1(2)]$ 
  { fix  $xl$ 
    assume  $xl$ :  $zin\ xl\ (left\text{-}options\ x)$ 
    have  $ge\text{-}game\ (neg\text{-}game\ y, neg\text{-}game\ xl) = ge\text{-}game\ (xl, y)$ 
      apply (subst ihyp)
      apply (auto simp add: lprod-2-1 xl)
      done
  }
  note  $xl = this$ 
  { fix  $yr$ 
    assume  $yr$ :  $zin\ yr\ (right\text{-}options\ y)$ 
    have  $ge\text{-}game\ (neg\text{-}game\ yr, neg\text{-}game\ x) = ge\text{-}game\ (x, yr)$ 
      apply (subst ihyp)
      apply (auto simp add: lprod-2-2 yr)
      done
  }
  note  $yr = this$ 
  show  $?case$ 

```

```

    by (auto simp add: ge-game-eq[of neg-game x neg-game y] ge-game-eq[of y
x]
      right-options-neg left-options-neg zimage-iff xl yr)
  qed
}
note a = this[of [x,y]]
then show ?thesis by blast
qed

constdefs
  eq-game-rel :: (game * game) set
  eq-game-rel  $\equiv$  { (p, q) . eq-game p q }

typedef Pg = UNIV // eq-game-rel
  by (auto simp add: quotient-def)

lemma equiv-eq-game[simp]: equiv UNIV eq-game-rel
  by (auto simp add: equiv-def refl-on-def sym-def trans-def eq-game-rel-def
    eq-game-sym intro: eq-game-refl eq-game-trans)

instantiation Pg :: {ord, zero, plus, minus, uminus}
begin

definition
  Pg-zero-def: 0 = Abs-Pg (eq-game-rel “ {zero-game})

definition
  Pg-le-def:  $G \leq H \longleftrightarrow (\exists g h. g \in \text{Rep-Pg } G \wedge h \in \text{Rep-Pg } H \wedge \text{ge-game } (h, g))$ 

definition
  Pg-less-def:  $G < H \longleftrightarrow G \leq H \wedge G \neq (H::Pg)$ 

definition
  Pg-minus-def:  $- G = \text{contents } (\bigcup g \in \text{Rep-Pg } G. \{ \text{Abs-Pg } (\text{eq-game-rel “ } \{ \text{neg-game } g \} ) \} )$ 

definition
  Pg-plus-def:  $G + H = \text{contents } (\bigcup g \in \text{Rep-Pg } G. \bigcup h \in \text{Rep-Pg } H. \{ \text{Abs-Pg } (\text{eq-game-rel “ } \{ \text{plus-game } (g,h) \} ) \} )$ 

definition
  Pg-diff-def:  $G - H = G + (- (H::Pg))$ 

instance ..

end

lemma Rep-Abs-eq-Pg[simp]:  $\text{Rep-Pg } (\text{Abs-Pg } (\text{eq-game-rel “ } \{g\})) = \text{eq-game-rel}$ 

```



```

“ {g}
  apply (subst Abs-Pg-inverse)
  apply (auto simp add: Pg-def quotient-def)
done

lemma char-Pg-le[simp]: (Abs-Pg (eq-game-rel “ {g})) ≤ Abs-Pg (eq-game-rel “
{h})) = (ge-game (h, g))
  apply (simp add: Pg-le-def)
  apply (auto simp add: eq-game-rel-def eq-game-def intro: ge-game-trans ge-game-refl)
done

lemma char-Pg-eq[simp]: (Abs-Pg (eq-game-rel “ {g})) = Abs-Pg (eq-game-rel “
{h})) = (eq-game g h)
  apply (simp add: Rep-Pg-inject [symmetric])
  apply (subst eq-equiv-class-iff[of UNIV])
  apply (simp-all)
  apply (simp add: eq-game-rel-def)
done

lemma char-Pg-plus[simp]: Abs-Pg (eq-game-rel “ {g}) + Abs-Pg (eq-game-rel “
{h}) = Abs-Pg (eq-game-rel “ {plus-game (g, h)})
proof -
  have (λ g h. {Abs-Pg (eq-game-rel “ {plus-game (g, h)})}) respects2 eq-game-rel

    apply (simp add: congruent2-def)
    apply (auto simp add: eq-game-rel-def eq-game-def)
    apply (rule-tac y=plus-game (y1, z2) in ge-game-trans)
    apply (simp add: ge-plus-game-left[symmetric] ge-plus-game-right[symmetric])+
    apply (rule-tac y=plus-game (z1, y2) in ge-game-trans)
    apply (simp add: ge-plus-game-left[symmetric] ge-plus-game-right[symmetric])+
    done
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: Pg-plus-def UN-equiv-class2[OF equiv-eq-game equiv-eq-game])
qed

lemma char-Pg-minus[simp]: - Abs-Pg (eq-game-rel “ {g}) = Abs-Pg (eq-game-rel
“ {neg-game g})
proof -
  have (λ g. {Abs-Pg (eq-game-rel “ {neg-game g})}) respects eq-game-rel
    apply (simp add: congruent-def)
    apply (auto simp add: eq-game-rel-def eq-game-def ge-neg-game)
    done
  then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: Pg-minus-def UN-equiv-class[OF equiv-eq-game])
qed

lemma eq-Abs-Pg[rule-format, cases type: Pg]: (∀ g. z = Abs-Pg (eq-game-rel “
{g}) ⟶ P) ⟶ P
  apply (cases z, simp)

```

```

apply (simp add: Rep-Pg-inject[symmetric])
apply (subst Abs-Pg-inverse, simp)
apply (auto simp add: Pg-def quotient-def)
done

```

instance Pg :: pordered-ab-group-add

proof

```

fix a b c :: Pg
show a - b = a + (- b) by (simp add: Pg-diff-def)
{
  assume ab: a ≤ b
  assume ba: b ≤ a
  from ab ba show a = b
  apply (cases a, cases b)
  apply (simp add: eq-game-def)
  done
}
then show (a < b) = (a ≤ b ∧ ¬ b ≤ a) by (auto simp add: Pg-less-def)
show a + b = b + a
  apply (cases a, cases b)
  apply (simp add: eq-game-def plus-game-comm)
  done
show a + b + c = a + (b + c)
  apply (cases a, cases b, cases c)
  apply (simp add: eq-game-def plus-game-assoc)
  done
show 0 + a = a
  apply (cases a)
  apply (simp add: Pg-zero-def plus-game-zero-left)
  done
show - a + a = 0
  apply (cases a)
  apply (simp add: Pg-zero-def eq-game-plus-inverse plus-game-comm)
  done
show a ≤ a
  apply (cases a)
  apply (simp add: ge-game-refl)
  done
{
  assume ab: a ≤ b
  assume bc: b ≤ c
  from ab bc show a ≤ c
  apply (cases a, cases b, cases c)
  apply (auto intro: ge-game-trans)
  done
}
{
  assume ab: a ≤ b
  from ab show c + a ≤ c + b

```

```

    apply (cases a, cases b, cases c)
    apply (simp add: ge-plus-game-left[symmetric])
  done
}
qed
end

```